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OLD LINGLE FOUNDRY WILL SHORTLY RESUME

Operations to be Under Way in Next Few Weeks, is Prediction.

SMALL SCALE AT FIRST

Employment to be Given Limited Number of Men Until New Business Can be Established—Needed Repairs at Plant Now Under Way.

"The Republican" is able to announce on what we regard as perfectly reliable authority that operations will shortly be resumed at the old Lingle foundry in Belleville. It is entirely possible that the resumption will come in the next few weeks. At the start the number of men employed will not be large, but it is hoped that the business will quickly develop, which would of course necessitate taking on a greater number of skilled workmen, including foundrymen and machinists.

During the last week Lewis Wallace, the contractor, has been at work making needed repairs at the foundry. It is understood that operations will be resumed as soon as these repairs are completed.

Single Term for President.

The Senate Judiciary Committee at Washington, D. C., on Monday decided to report favorably the Works resolution, restricting the presidential tenure of office to a single term of six years. A minority report favoring a single term of four years also will be made from the committee.

There was no formal adoption of the measure, as its phraseology has not been worked out, but this will be undertaken immediately by a sub-committee.

It may be finally acted upon at a special meeting of the Judiciary Committee this week. In any event, it is expected to be reported immediately, following the committee's regular meeting next Monday.

The committee is practically unanimous to make a president ineligible for a second term, but four members of the committee favor making the single term four years instead of six.

The House Committee on Judiciary has pending a joint resolution of the same purport introduced by Representative Clayton of Alabama, chairman of that committee.

If Congress adopts the change, an amendment to the Constitution will have to be ratified by three-fourths of the states.

Care of Defectives.

One of the very serious problems confronting the school communities is what to do with the defective children. Pennsylvania has a number of schools taking excellent care of many defectives but the accommodations for the whole number in the state are entirely inadequate. When medical inspection is completely established throughout the state, it will no doubt be found that there are between 12,000 and 13,000 pupils who ought to be specially cared for. The State Board of Education has been asked to consider the matter of making adequate preparation for the care of these children.

Seek Missing Children.

Chief of Police Dukeman on Monday received from Chief of Police Copelan, of Cincinnati, Ohio, a circular telling of the disappearance of Robert and Urban Nichols, aged 6 and 4 years, respectively, from that city on April 29th. It is supposed that the children were kidnapped. The parents of the children are poor, but business firms in Cincinnati have contributed toward a reward fund for information leading to the recovery of the little fellows.

Marriage Licenses.

J. James M. Laws,	Phillipsburg
Margaret Gill,	"
Samuel K. Everhart,	State College
Mabel G. Reed,	Pa. Furnace
Albert V. Miller,	Julian
Nora E. Gates,	Port Matilda
John C. Mark, Jr.,	Port Matilda
Amy C. Kauffman,	Markelsburg
J. Eugene Wilson,	Renovo
Ruth E. Wagner,	Belleville

A visit to State College last Thursday by some officials of the New York Central Railroad caused a revival of the oft-heard rumor of that company's intention to secure through connections to the college. So far as may be learned the latest rumor has about as much in fact behind it as the numerous previous ones.

The arrival in Belleville on Tuesday of several car loads of paving brick marked the beginning of activities in improving High Street in front of "The Republican" office.

DEATH AT MILESBURG

Mrs. William B. Thomas Succumbs Following Paralytic Stroke.

Mrs. Sarah J. Zimmerman Thomas, wife of William B. Thomas, died at 6 o'clock Wednesday morning at her late home in Milesburg, her passing away terminating an illness covering a period of several years. A stroke of paralysis on Friday night of last week, followed by another on Tuesday night hastened the end. Funeral services will be held at Milesburg on Saturday morning, next, at 10 o'clock.

Deceased was Sarah J. Zimmerman before her marriage to Mr. Thomas, and was born in Marion township, the daughter of the late Elias Zimmerman. She was aged 61 years and about 6 months. A splendid, christian woman, she was a devoted wife and a loving mother, and her passing away is deeply mourned by a husband and three children, three brothers and one sister, and also by a large circle of friends. She was a member of the Presbyterian church and was always interested and active in promoting its welfare. The surviving children are Charles, of Lewisburg; Ralph, of Ohio, and Nettie, at home. The surviving brothers and sisters are Ex-County Commissioner H. E. Zimmerman, of Belleville; John P. Zimmerman, of Topeka, Kansas; Isaiah Zimmerman, of Valley Falls, Kansas, and Mrs. M. E. Biddle, of Lewisburg.

Mrs. Eliza Campbell Dead.

After an illness of five days, Eliza, relict of G. W. Campbell, died at her late home near Linden Hall on Saturday morning at 7.15 o'clock. The previous Sunday evening she retired to her room. In some manner she became entangled in her clothing, falling heavily to the floor and sustaining a fractured hip. Her death was due to a shock.

Deceased was a daughter of David and Sarah Barron Mitchell and was born at the old Mitchell homestead, January 15, 1828, and her death marks the passing away of the surviving member of her family. Her grandfather, John Barron, was a large land-owner, possessing pretty much all the land about Pine Grove Mills where the town stands and where the Barrons and Mitchells and Campbells had much to do in the making of early-day history. On March 1st, 1847, she was married to G. Washington Campbell, the wedding ceremony being performed by Rev. Mr. Hughes. With her husband she spent her entire life at the well known home near Linden Hall.

Of the nine children which blessed the union four survive: Mrs. J. C. Gilliland, of Oak Hall; Mrs. (Prof.) Stine, of Anville, Pa.; and Elmer and David, at the old home. In her girlhood days she joined the Presbyterian church and remained steadfast in its teachings until the end. She was a devout christian woman, was well known and highly respected and by a wide circle of admiring friends her death is sincerely mourned.

Burial was made on Tuesday morning, at 10 o'clock, in the old Slab Cabin church yard, Rev. W. K. Harnish officiating.

Brick Plant Burned.

The main building of the Centre Brick & Clay Company, manufacturers of paving and building brick, at Orviston, was destroyed by fire last Friday evening. The blaze originated in the machine room. Hard work on the part of the employees and others prevented the flames spreading to other buildings. The loss is upward of \$30,000, partly insured. It is said that the plant will be rebuilt.

Missionary Meeting Postponed.

The Missionary meeting that was to have been held in the Belleville United Brethren church tomorrow evening has been postponed, owing to the illness of Miss Belle Myers, the returned missionary, who was scheduled to speak.

Sunday School Convention.

The forty-third annual convention of the Centre County Sunday School Association will be held in the Reformed church, Pine Hall, May 23 and 24. An interesting program has been prepared for the occasion.

Sheets and Linens Needed.

The Belleville hospital is very greatly in need of old sheets and linens. Persons having such articles to spare are informed that the same will be very much appreciated if sent to the hospital.

County Pomona Grange.

The Centre County Pomona Grange will hold its second quarterly meeting at Port Matilda, Thursday, May 23rd. Two sessions, 10 a. m. and 1.30 p. m. Rail road fare from Belleville 80 cents round trip.

A meeting of the High School Alumni Association will be held in the High School building Monday evening, May 20th., to complete plans for the annual Alumni reception. Louise Brachbill, Secretary.

FRANCIES AND BOARD VISIT KANSAS PRISON

Make Trip to Leavenworth to See Buildings Erected by Convicts.

WILL ADOPT PLAN HERE

Inspection Tour of Western Prison Prompted by Desire to See Results Accomplished by Convict—No Checks Received Yet.

Warden Francies and the several members of the Board of Inspectors of the western penitentiary this week visited the prison at Leavenworth, Kansas, and it is not improbable that some of the features of that wonderful institution will be embodied in the plans for building the new farm prison nearby Belleville.

It is the plan of Warden Francies to have the new prison built mainly by convict labor, although the first building, to be used as a barracks, will be erected by contract. The Leavenworth prison was built by convict labor, and it was to see the buildings and learn of the methods employed in erecting the same that prompted Warden Francies and the several prison inspectors to visit Kansas.

Up until yesterday the State Treasury warrants for payment of the several farms comprising the prison site had not been received in Belleville. The farm owners are looking for the warrants in every mail. The execution of the deeds has been completed and the same are held in escrow in the several banks in Belleville pending receipt of the State Treasury warrants. It has been rumored on the streets that one landowner received his warrant last week. This, we are reliably informed, is not correct.

Direct Vote for Senators.

The House at Washington, D. C., on Monday adopted, 237 to 39, a joint resolution providing for an amendment to the Constitution to permit the election of United States Senators by direct vote of the people. It already had passed the Senate and now goes to the President.

All that remains to be done is the formal signing of the measure by the President and the issuance of a proclamation to the States to signify their wishes on the proposed change.

The vote was preceded by a bitter fight by the Southern members against the resolution. Led by representative Bartlett of Georgia, the Georgia, Mississippi and Louisiana delegations fought to prevent its passage because of the Senate amendment which gives the Federal Government supervision of the elections. They based their opposition almost entirely on the danger of negro domination.

The first vote taken was on an amendment by Representative Bartlett which took from the Federal Government all supervisory powers. It was defeated 189 to 89. On the vote for the adoption of the resolution, two-thirds of the House being necessary, 50 Democrats deserted.

There was not a single Republican vote cast against the resolution, which was adopted to the accompaniment of thunderous applause.

Direct election of Senators was first taken up by Congress in 1826.

Farmers' Institutes.

The County Board of Farmers' Institute Managers, will meet at the County Commissioners' office on the second Tuesday of June, to arrange for the place where Institutes are to be held this season. All of our people who desire Institutes, ought to attend this meeting and present their claims. This Board is composed of the Local Members of the State Board of Agriculture, and one representative from each County Agricultural Society, the Pomona Grange and County Alliance. If you find that you cannot attend this meeting, address a letter with your request to Chairman of Board of Institute Managers, care of County Commissioners.

Mrs. Hannah Turley Dead.

Mrs. Hannah Turley, formerly a resident of Phillipsburg, died on Monday, last, at Weaville, Elk County, aged 83 years. She was a sister of J. J. Twigg, of Rush township, and Thomas Twigg, of Chester Hill. She was also an aunt of W. H. Tigg, of Phillipsburg.

Water Motor For Sale.

A Backus Water Motor for sale at this office. Is 33 inches in diameter and is in first-class condition. Can be seen in operation at any time. Call or inquire at "The Republican" office, Belleville, Pa.

Phillipsburg Lawyer Ill.

Lawyer George W. Zeigler, of Phillipsburg, has been seriously ill for the last ten days. Latest reports show no change for the better in his condition.

DIS'T. ATT'Y. FORTNEY STOPS SLOT MACHINES

Order to Close All Petty Gambling Devices Effective Monday.

BOYS PLAYED "HEAVILY"

Complaints by Parents Prompted Placing Ban on Pretty Nearly Everything in Sight Used to Catch Stray Pennies and Nickels.

Slot machines in Belleville were last week given a jolt by District Attorney D. P. Fortney. Saturday night witnessed the wind-up on all machines which in any manner flavored of gambling. Monday morning found such machines turned toward the wall, or removed altogether from cigar stores and the smaller shops.

Some months ago Burgess Bower issued an order against the keeping of slot machines, and for a time they were out of business. After a time many of them reappeared, or gave way to others. Recently complaint was registered against the operation of the petty gambling devices. The complaints originated with the parents of boys. Policeman Beezer made a tour of the town and prepared a list of all machines in operation. Later District Attorney Fortney visited the stores and shops in question. Orders to cut out the machines which provided any form of gambling were issued. Such machines as enable the player to receive the equivalent of his money, at least, were not disturbed.

To make sure that the order to put the gambling devices out of commission had been complied with District Attorney Fortney made another round of the cigar shops on Monday. Each machine blacklisted by him last week was reported to be out of business. District Attorney Fortney says that the machines are closed and that they must remain closed.

Notice to Ex-Soldiers.

To all ex-soldiers and sailors residing in the 21st District of Pennsylvania. Greeting:

Last Saturday night President Taft signed the new pension bill passed by Congress. As finally agreed upon the law provides increased pensions for 420,965 veterans, according to the estimates of the House and Senate conferees.

Every veteran serving 90 days or more in the military or naval service of the United States during the Civil War who has been honorably discharged, and who is now over 62 years of age, is cared for in the new law.

For veterans 62 years or over the rate provided for 90 days service is \$13 per month, and it ranges to \$16 per month up to three years service; for 66 years old and over the rate is \$15 per month for 90 days and ranges up to \$19 for three years; for 70 years old and over the rate for 90 days is \$18 per month and ranges up to \$25 for three years; at 75 years old and over the rate for 90 days is \$21 and ranges up to \$30 per month for three years.

All pensions shall commence from the date of filing applications.

Mexican War Soldiers who served 90 days are entitled to \$30 per month.

Rank in the service is not considered in the applications.

The new law does not bar the soldier from prosecuting his claim under any other general or special act.

Pension attorneys or claim agents are not entitled to compensation for any service rendered claimants under this Act except for original pension for a person who has not heretofore received a pension.

All persons affected by this Act are cordially invited to drop me a line and I will forward to them free of postage or other expense blank applications for original or increase pensions, and all needed information in connection therewith will also be cheerfully furnished.

Very truly yours,

CHARLES E. PATTON.

M. C. 21st. District Pennsylvania, Washington, D. C. May 13, 1912.

Barn Destroyed by Fire.

The barn of Edward Shope, below Milesburg, was destroyed by fire last Thursday night. The reflection from the blaze was easily seen in Belleville. The fire burned furiously for a few minutes, but just about the time some persons from here were preparing to go to the scene of the blaze the flames subsided, seemingly almost as quickly as they had come up.

When in need of letter-heads, bill-heads, statements, cards, wedding invitations, programs, announcements—anything in fact in the job printing line, call, write or phone "The Republican" office.

MOOSE BANQUET

Belleville Lodge No. 206 Holds Fine Celebration in New Quarters.

Belleville Lodge No. 206, Loyal Order of Moose, scored a notable triumph on the occasion of its second annual banquet, which was held in the new quarters, in the McClain block, on Tuesday evening. Three hundred or more members and guests were in attendance, a large number of the visitors being the wives, mothers, sisters or daughters of members. The function, which was the most successful, socially and in all other ways, ever held by the lodge served as a house-warming for the new clubrooms, which have been prettily and tastefully remodeled. The members of the lodge exerted themselves to make everything a pleasing success, and they were amply rewarded in the many words of praise bestowed by the large number of visitors. The several committees which had charge of the arrangements are especially to be commended for the splendid manner in which they acquitted themselves.

With Deitrick's orchestra furnishing the music the festivities were formally opened in the banquet hall, at 8.30 o'clock. The hall was handsomely decorated and presented a most inviting appearance when the guests and members were seated at the numerous tables. The menu was well selected, the food was perfectly cooked and the service at the tables was far beyond that usually found on such occasions. The splendid order maintained throughout and the good taste displayed in the many little details that go to make up such a function proved to be a pleasing revelation to those who were visiting the lodge for the first time and who were unfamiliar with the principles it represents.

Following the banquet Dictator A. D. Tanyer, of State College, rapped for order and introduced James Schofield as toastmaster. Always genial and jovial, Mr. Schofield was in his happiest vein and presented the several speakers with brief but pointed remarks. The chief speaker was Judge Ellis L. Orvis, who frankly voiced his agreeable surprise in finding present such a fine, representative assemblage. He complimented the Moose on the large membership enrolled and the wide scope of trades and professions its personnel embodied. Others to respond to toasts were Col. Hugh S. Taylor, John M. Fisher, J. Homer Decker, John L. Dunlap, Paul D. Fortney and the editor of "The Republican."

KILLED IN ASYLUM

Inmate From Clearfield County Commits Horrible Crime at Warren.

With a spoon which he had sharpened to a razor edge upon the cement work of his room, Jacob Kosack, an inmate of the State Hospital for the Insane, at North Warren, stabbed Eugene Hall, also an inmate, in the abdomen, and death resulted one day later. It was a carefully planned assault upon the part of Kosack.

Eugene Hall, the murdered man, was committed to the asylum from Erie county, having been acquitted of the murder of his brother-in-law upon the grounds of insanity. He was a resident of Erie, and was brought to the institution May 13, 1909.

Jacob Kosack was also committed to the asylum following his acquittal of murder, on grounds of insanity. He was committed to the asylum from Clearfield county, October 2, 1909. He was a raving maniac and it was necessary to keep him confined at all times, his hands strapped to the sides of the bed.

Authorities of the hospital state that he was strapped to the bed when in some manner he freed his wrists, ran to the bed where Hall was lying, thrust the deadly weapon into his abdomen and returned to his bed and then again placed the bands around his wrist before attendants could get to him despite the fact that an attendant claims to have seen him arise from his bed and make the fatal thrust.

Hospital Notes.

Operations—Mrs. Nancy Decker, of Belleville; Miss Ruth Altenderfer, Belleville; Miss Janet Potter, Belleville.

Admitted for treatment—Miss Kate McQuillen, Belleville; Ethel Donevan, Belleville; George Raveni, Snow Shoe. Discharged—Mrs. Myrtle Badger and son, Belleville; Mrs. Virgie McClenethan and daughter, Belleville; Mrs. Marcella Shope, Milesburg; Miss Gertrude Kane, Belleville.

27 patients now in the hospital.

Early Morning Blaze.

An early morning blaze aroused residents of Belleville yesterday. At 6 o'clock the fire alarm was sounded, a defective fuse having set fire to the roof of the Gamill Rice home, on Pine Street. The flames were extinguished before the roof was completely destroyed.

WANT HIGH STREET PAVED TO DIAMOND

Property Owners Petition Council for Needed Improvement.

BOROUGH SHY ON FUNDS

Cost of Proposed Paving About \$8000—Two-Thirds of Amount Would Fall Upon Property Owners—Want One Block if Two Cannot Be Had.

The spirit of improving the streets of Belleville has caught the fancy of the residents of the town. Realizing the value of paved streets to the town from a business viewpoint, a petition has been signed by property owners requesting that High Street, between Water Street and the Court House diamond, be paved with brick. The request, if granted by Council, would result in an unbroken stretch of brick paving from the Pennsylvania Railroad station to the Court House, and running North on Allegheny Street, to Pike alley, and South to Bishop Street.

Under a recent act of the Legislature such a petition as filed for the paving of High Street was unnecessary, so far as the borough having the power to have the paving done. The new law gives to Council the power to order the paving done and charge the proportionate share to property owners. The value of the petition presented to Council in this instance lies in the fact that it shows abutting property owners not only sympathetically but financially favoring the proposed improvement.

It is by no means certain that Council will approve the petition, not that the members view the project with disfavor but because of a lack of funds in the borough treasury. One-third of the cost of the proposed paving would fall upon the borough, two-thirds to be met by abutting property owners. The borough's share, as we understand it, would be approximately \$2700. To undertake the improvement at this time would necessitate the borough borrowing the money. If we are correctly informed, the disposition of some members of Council, at least, is to oppose further borrowing until some part of the present indebtedness is wiped out.

The proposed improvement is one which would greatly enhance the beauty of Belleville and add to the impression made upon visitors entering the town. If Council can devise some plan for financing the project it will be money well spent. If those seeking the improvement cannot have both blocks paved they will ask that the paving be extended at least as far as Spring Street.

B. H. S. Commencement.

Invitations were this week issued for the annual commencement exercises of the graduating class of the Belleville High School. The exercises of the class of 1912 will be held on Wednesday afternoon, May 29th, at 2.30 o'clock, in the New High School building.

The following announcements accompany the invitations:

Sunday, May 26th, 7.30 P. M., baccalaureate sermon, Methodist Episcopal church.

Monday, May 27th, 8.15 P. M., junior declamatory contest, New High School.

Tuesday, May 28th, 8.30 P. M., alumni reception, the Armory.

Wednesday, May 29th, 2.30 P. M., commencement, New High School.

Wednesday, May 29th, 8.15 P. M., commencement address, New High School.

The members of the graduating class are Charles Gates, Lewis Swartz, Joseph Ceadar, Basil Mott, Paul Rumberger, Harold Ward, Frank Jones, Arthur Conter, Edward Garbrick, Margaret Cooney, Isabella Johnson, Hazel Johnson, Dorothy Jenkins, Sarah Shuey, Ruth Wetzel, John M. Dale, Ruth Kline, Margaret Gilmour, Talmage Hafer, Mamie Shope and Calvin Fisher.

Farmer's Sudden Death.

Dallas Cronister, a brother of Ex-Sheriff Cronister and one of the best known farmers and citizens of the upper Bald Eagle valley, died rather suddenly on Thursday last week at his late home, about four miles northeast of Martha Furnace. He was seized with acute indigestion and before a physician could reach his bedside he was dead. He was aged 57 years. Funeral services were held on Sunday, interment being made in the Williams cemetery at Martha.

Sheriff Hurley is spending several days this week on his farm at Morrison's Cove, Bedford County.

Building Roads with Convict Labor; Warden Francies Plan for New Prison Here.

Road building by convict labor is one of the plans of Warden John Francies, when the new State prison is once under way nearby Bellefonte. A most interesting article on the subject of using convicts for out-door work was recently published in "The Threshman's Review," a copy of which was furnished us by a friend in a western city. The article was written by Thomas J. Tynan, warden of the Colorado penitentiary, who has adopted many of the ideas which Warden Francies will put into practice in the management of the penitentiary here. The article follows:

Diplomats, statesmen, historians and scientists, unanimously agree that the most important element in a nation's progress, is a system of good roads. Without such a system, the resources and energies of a nation remain, to a degree, stagnant, undeveloped and unawakened. Limited facilities for intercourse logically injure commercial prospects and prevent social progress.

Railroads cannot take the place of roads. In speaking on this subject, in an address before a good roads convention at St. Louis in 1903, ex-President Roosevelt said:

"Of course, during the last century there has been an altogether phenomenal growth in one kind of road, wholly unknown to the people of old—the iron road. A great many excellent people have proceeded upon the assumption that having good railways was a substitute for having good highways. A more untenable position cannot be imagined. What the railway does is to develop the country, and of course this development implies the need of more and better roads."

No truer dictum was ever uttered. The railroad twists and turns to meet the requirements of the great civic, industrial and mining centers, while the smaller communities—the farmers—must depend solely upon the highways.

The condition of rural highways in this country is poor. In fact, it might be said that they are the poorest found in any country that has reached so high a state of civilization as we have. Excelling our competitors all over the world in nearly all industrial methods and pursuits, we have produced nearly everything required for the outward march of civilization in greater abundance, in greater perfection, than anywhere else in the world. In extension of our seeming tardiness in good roads, we must consider the very newness of the country, its immense territory and its staggering mileage; yet it is but a question of time when we shall, as a nation, excel in good roads, as we now do in every other line of development and progress, for the last two decades have shown a remarkable awakening of interest in good roads all over the country.

Previous to my being appointed warden of the Colorado penitentiary, I had followed the road building development of the country with keen interest. My work brought me into touch with many of the smaller communities miles away from the nearest railway, and when given the opportunity to put my theories into practice with convict builders I made the most of it with exceptionally successful results.

Let us trace the history of convict road building in Colorado. It is as yet in its infancy, but it has demonstrated its absolute feasibility and its economic benefits.

In 1903, the seventeenth general assembly of Colorado created a state highway commission. The commission went to work with a zeal and a zest that has rarely if ever been equaled in any state in the Union; it was the "Colorado Spirit." As the cornerstone for the foundation of its energies, they proposed to construct, in Colorado, 4,000 miles of good roads; they proposed to establish a system of good roads that would stretch from Wyoming and Nebraska on the north to New Mexico on the south; from Kansas on the east to Utah on the west. They committed themselves irrevocably to two great principles: (1) the carrying of this splendid project to a successful completion and (2) the economic and profitable use of convicts in the building.

The experiment of using convict labor for the construction of these roads is more or less of a new one. It is not to be connected with or to be compared to the southern convict camps, where men are sold at auction to the highest bidder. From an economic standpoint it has been a tremendous saving to the taxpayers of the state and has given them roads on a par with any in the world. From a reformatory standpoint, it has been a still greater saving, to society in lessened criminality, and to the poor waifs of the world in increased self-respect, stamina of character and an added sense of reliability.

Governor John F. Shafroth, of Colorado, speaking before the Colorado good roads convention, held in Denver January 13 and 14, 1911, said:

"I went with Warden Tynan to one of the road camps that is working not very far from the penitentiary, and I found a degree of energy there that I have never seen anywhere else. There was an intense energy on the part of every man. They were working in rock work, drilling and working with an energy that was marvelous to me. It arose solely from the hope of rewards and from the fear that back to the prison walls they

might go. And that has produced a reformation in the prisoner himself. It has made him recognize the fact that he can get reward, even while in a penitentiary. It makes him strong physically, hardens his muscles, and when he comes from the prison, instead of being emaciated and pale from being confined in cells of thick walls and prison bars, he comes out in health, vigor and strength, ready to undertake any work and thereby earn an honest living. The result to the state from the moral standpoint alone would be worth any number of times the thought and attention that has been given to this subject."

Let us see, however, what has been the saving to the state in dollars and cents; let us see how the state has benefited from this system of working convicts on the state roads. Throughout it is the sound financial benefit that the public looks at, not so much the moral or reformatory benefit, much as it commends the latter. Every great reformatory movement had to solve the problem of permanent financial benefit to the community before it was a success.

In May, 1908, the first Colorado convict road camp was started. The state engineer having made the necessary surveys, the sum of \$4,666.83 was expended for equipment, which included horses, mules, wagons, scrapers, tents, etc. Ten convicts were dispatched overland with this equipment and established a camp near Starkville, in Las Animas county.

On May 12, 1908, 80 additional men were taken by rail and the work commenced in earnest. The Trinidad road, as it was called, was constructed 16 feet wide where the cross slope exceeded 15 degrees, and 20 feet where it was less than that. The county furnished materials on the ground, under the provision of the law, and the prisoners furnished the labor. While the work was done at a great saving, it was performed under very adverse conditions, there being the usual system of armed guards. Upon taking over the prison I soon reached the conclusion that the theory of watching the men at all times not only demoralized them, but lessened the quality of their work.

Within a short time I had the "honor system" established and eliminated every vestige of armed guards, placing these men on their honor, with the result that more than three times the quantity of work was performed, with more cheerfulness and more energy, and a standard of loyalty that cannot be measured in words.

My personal experience with convict road building dates from April, 1909. From that time, up to and including November 30, 1910, the close of the 1909-1910 period, our convict road builders have built roads in Las Animas, El Paso, Pueblo and Fremont counties. During this period I worked an average of 104 men for 610 days. They built 50 miles of finished roadway in this time, much of which had to be driven through the rocky foothills and mountainous sections of the state where a road could not have been built for less than \$25,000 per mile in some sections. Twenty miles were blasted out of solid rock. This work was done at an actual cost of only \$56,700 to the state, or \$1,134 per mile, outside of the inevitable cost of prison maintenance, and this money included the salaries of 10 overseers, the feed for teams and the purchase of \$4,788 worth of horses, tools and equipment which now belongs to the state.

I now have four camps in active operation in as many counties, each averaging about 50 men. So far, since December 1, 1910, I have more than doubled the record of the preceding two years, in having 100 miles of good roadway in a fair state of completion. By the close of the present biennial period, November 30, 1912, I expect to complete another 300 miles. The topographical conditions of the country we are now working in is more suitable for expeditious work, and I have increased my working force to nearly 300 "trusty" prisoners.

Basing my figures on the most conservative contractors' estimates, the saving to the taxpayers of the state for the year past and the ensuing year should approximate \$500,000. What the accruing benefits in money and increased business stimulation will be is impossible of estimation.

A few days ago I motored to the Beaver creek road camp on the proposed Colorado Spring-Canon City road. This piece of roadway has been under construction for nearly two years and when completed will be as fine a piece of automobile road as any in the world. The road winds and turns to meet the grade requirements, being constructed, for the most part, along the mountainous route for scenic effect.

Mr. Charles H. Baldwin, the superintendent of this road camp, is one of my ablest road builders, who has specialized on this subject and thoroughly mastered it. His camp consists of two subordinate overseers and 52 prisoners. In no place does the grade exceed 10 per cent, and the road is built from 20 feet to 25 feet wide, with a 10-inch to 12-inch rocky ridge along the outer ridge. The natural deposits of limestone rock, in which is found some 50 per cent of gravel, make an exceptionally hard and enduring bed. One two-mile section of the road was blasted out of solid rock. Over the rocky foundation was laid a layer of five

feet of soft dirt and on this another layer of gravel rock. The constant use of such a road by heavy motors and wagons pulverizes the gravel and rock into fine material, which, after a rainfall, hardens and becomes as good as macadam. Further on, the route leads through rocky hills where the blasting and cutting must be done from a 20-foot elevation to reach the grade of the road.

Since May of 1911, when the work was taken up at the junction of the old county road, this particular camp has broken a record and built 10 miles of road, or an average of two miles per month, at a cost approximately \$800 per mile; in other words, this camp of 52 men cost the county 36 cents per day per man, including food, salaries of overseers, feed for teams, etc. Fifty-two men, working one month at the rate of \$2 per day, would make an item of \$3,120 in wages alone. The entire cost of this 10-mile stretch, which required some five months of work, amounted to about \$4,000. By private labor, with a force of 52 men, working five months, the cost of wages alone would be \$15,600, not to mention the salaries of overseers, feed for teams, wear and tear and contractors' profit.

Each convict camp has its head overseer and two subordinates, whose chief duty is the proper superintendence of the road work. I have absolutely eliminated armed guards, stripes, and every other suggestion of physical restraint commonly associated with prison life. I depend entirely upon the spirit of honor in these men to prevent their escape. I make each and every man pledge me his word of honor before he leaves the prison for the road camp. He promises me that he will keep his faith with me and that he will not run away. The incentive to do this is a great one, for the convict who leaves the prison for the road camp has, if his conduct remains good, seen the last of actual prison life. His food is better and of a more wholesome quality; his clothing is more calculated to preserve his self-respect, for the men are so clothed that they cannot be distinguished from the better grade of laborers in railroad or mining camps. He also earns an additional ten days good time for each month that he so works, and this very materially reduces his sentence.

Length of service or nature of crime have never counted with me as a deterrent against putting these men out, having over 15 life time prisoners out on camps, ranches, etc. From his very inception into the prison I study the man, and after a reasonable period I talk with him, and when I am convinced (as far as any man can be so convinced) that he will not try to run away, that he will keep his faith with me, I give him a chance to exchange the prison walls and its iron-clad discipline for the free, open-air life of the road camp. It is surprising to note the number of so-called "border terrorists" and "bad men" who have gone to these road camps and have been redeemed. I have found that it is the moral respect they feel for the laws of the commonwealth, rather than restraint or fear of arms that prevents these men from escaping in droves; and not only this, but it inoculates the germ of self-respect, added reliability and sustained application into their weakened moral system, all of which play a prominent part in the good work of creating the great highways that are springing up in many sections of Colorado by the magic spade of the convict builder.

During the last three years I have had close to a thousand individual convicts working in different road camps, ranches, gardens and about the prison, outside the walls. Some of the camps are 50, 100 and 200 and even 300 miles away from the prison, and my percentage of loss by actual escape is less than 1 per cent. There is something very gratifying in this knowledge and I cannot help but feel impressed with the fact that it is the good in these men that outweighs the bad. After all, what is it that prevents these men from running away and committing heinous crimes? It is not stone walls and barred cells for there are none. It is not fear of guns and pistols, for there are none!

What is it? This question has been asked me a thousand times and I am forced to the pleasing conclusion that it is the indubitable fact that these "waifs of society" are not wholly lost and irredeemable, for any man who will keep his pledge, will keep his promises, who will keep his "word of honor," has made a gigantic step toward betterment and genuine reformation.

In conclusion, I am strongly in favor of a great national highway stretching from the Atlantic to the Pacific, to be built under federal supervision with the assistance of the several states through which it will pass.

The scheme appears to be feasible, and I marvel that it was not accomplished years ago. The air line distance from New York to San Francisco is 2,600 miles; the railroad distance is 3,370 miles.

A national ocean to ocean highway is the thing! Commencing at New York it would pass through Ohio, Illinois, Nebraska, Colorado; etc., on to the Pacific coast, and would cover about 3,000 miles.

The value of road making to the state has been proven and its benefit to the convicts fully attested. Not only have

splendid highways been shot through regions hitherto deemed almost inaccessible, but our convict workers under skilled overseers have been taught scientific road making in all its branches, from simple scraping to hard rock work. Again, it has given the convict a fair chance to work honestly and prosperously in the open air.

The soil of Colorado is especially adapted for the construction of durable roads. In almost every part of the state there are immense deposits of coarse sand or gravel which is the most ideal material for surfacing roads. It unites easily and quickly with almost any other material to form a waterproof surface and, owing to its rounded particles, resists successfully the suction of the automobile tire. By reason of its excessive hardness it also offers great resistance to the crushing action of the wagon tire.

I hope to see the day when there will be great highways in course of construction in Colorado, stretching from border to border—an enduring improvement, rich in benefit to the whole people. I have long advocated such action. On a state highway backed by an adequate appropriation, I could keep 400 men employed every day in the year, and give to Colorado the great arteries necessary for a fuller commercial and industrial life. They would open up the country to a degree undreamed of at present, they would prove an energetic stimulus to the increase of trade; they would establish lines of communication between small and remote towns and counties, bringing them into closer relation; they would be the means of attracting more than five times the number of tourists now flowing into the state, and the value to the convict workers, by giving them a part of their earnings, would be a "seven-league" stride for betterment.

Colorado's natural beauties compare with any in the world, and it is our hope to make Colorado the peer of any state in the Union for good roads. Some of the completed convict highways are unsurpassed anywhere.

The highway to the top of the Royal Gorge of the Arkansas is a crowning contribution to the scenic splendors of Colorado. While it was built in and for Fremont county, it gives accessibility to one of the wonders of the nation and is a benefit and advertisement to the whole state. Before this splendid highway was built, the only access to the mystic splendors of the Royal Gorge was by railroad. This far famed defile, annually traversed by tens of thousands of sight-seers, is the gift through which the Arkansas river finally bursts from the mountains to freedom and the plains below.

Today, the system of convict road building, that not only builds roads but studies manhood as well, enables you to drive up the new boulevard, and walking over a few steps to the brim of the canon on the very crest of the gorge, you can look down into it. The Arkansas river in the dim distance is a mere brooklet splashing its shallow way. The railroad tracks of the Rio Grande are but two shiny silver threads unwound beside it. This magic boulevard winds up 3,000 feet through the wildest of mountain fastnesses in a huge corkscrew effect eight miles long. It commences with the famous Sky Line drive, another convict contribution.

There are confined in the various penitentiaries that blot the land along this proposed route, some 20,000 or more able-bodied men serving sentences for sundry offenses. The reformatory treatment accorded them is more or less open to grave criticism. Their labor is unremunerative to the several states and to the federal government; their productive powers along the lines of such a national highway are gigantic, and the saving to the national government and to the several states would run into the millions of dollars. The value of such a roadway from a political, industrial and military standpoint would be great, and the launching of such a scheme would operate to lessen many evils, criminal, social and political.

Let the federal government take up the matter with the governors of the interested states, create a central bureau of administration for the project with sub-divisions under competent road specialists in every state along the proposed route; appropriate a sum sufficient to carry it to a successful completion, with a provision that each interested state appropriate a proportionate amount, and you would have a purely convict-built road, an everlasting monument that would rival anything in Europe or the far east, and that would be a sublime and heroic exploitation of the violation of the country's laws, unparalleled in the history of the world.

The automobile associations throughout the United States would contribute generously to it, for this is the age of the automobile. Merchants and progressive citizens all over the country would support it enthusiastically, being quick to grasp the natural advantages and tremendous possibilities of such an immense highway.

Pay the convict workers a scale of wages for this work, ranging from 25 to 75 cents a day, according to merit, and the nature of the work performed. Thus, by providing for the innocent members of the delinquent's family, by safeguarding the future of him and his family, you release an energy, a potential force, that staggers the imagination with its Herculean possibilities.

Such a program would last from 10 to 15 years, and would do more genuine good to society and to the vicious and criminal citizen than all the jails, prisons and reformatories in the country. It would keep tens of thousands of poverty-stricken families of disgraced citizens from ruin and moral degeneration. It would open up an immense artery in this country that would be magically connected with thousands of by-roads, and would result in a system of good roads second to none in the whole world.

AT WAR WITH LEADERS

Governor Wilson Displeased With Palmer's Course at Harrisburg.

Monday's Philadelphia and Pittsburgh newspapers published the following Associated Press despatch from Trenton, N. J., which is said to have been issued with the approval of Governor Wilson:

The lathstring has been ordered pulled in at Governor Woodrow Wilson's headquarters when leaders of the new Pennsylvania Democracy are in the neighborhood. That is the word passed around among the Governor's friends here. With a certified copy of the proceedings of the Pennsylvania convention last Tuesday before him, the Jersey candidate for the Presidency is said to have written the men who rode into control of the Pennsylvania organization a rather caustic letter, politely charging false pretense, which the Governor holds disreputable in politics as in the other work-a-day affairs of life.

Governor Wilson had been led to believe that the faction now in control in Pennsylvania was taking its all with its candidacy—that they were for Wilson first and control after. The Governor's advisers and a personal representative sent to Harrisburg from this city do not admit this pretension. Unaccustomed to anything but fair dealing and the carrying through of an issue on its merits, the pedagogue is no doubt resentful.

Endorsed by both wings of the Pennsylvania Democracy, Wilson never had any reason to fear the result of the Pennsylvania primary election until he was persuaded to believe that the element now in control in Pennsylvania was particularly anxious about his success and that the opposition to the ascendancy of this element was opposing his progress as a Presidential possibility.

This idea having been accepted by various of his lieutenants, the Governor is said to have accepted it, the same advisers now admitting that the new Pennsylvania Democratic leadership was secured through a rather treacherous use of Wilson's name. In support of this is taken the convention proceedings, showing that A. Mitchell Palmer, candidate for national committeeman and dictator of the convention, had voted down in the resolutions committee a resolution binding the delegates-at-large from this State to Wilson so long as his name should be before the convention.

Though Palmer, the member of the committee from his own county and from other counties of his Congressional district, voted down the binding instruction resolution in committee, the record is clear that Palmer did not openly oppose it on the floor of the convention, but attempted to have the question passed over in an ambiguous resolution, merely expressing a preference for Wilson for the Presidency. It did not commit the delegates to his support nor first to last, as the convention was finally induced to do at the instance of Thomas J. Ryan and former Judge James G. Gordon of Philadelphia.

According to the record, Gordon overcame the subterfuges of Palmer and insisted not only upon adoption of a binding resolution in favor of Wilson, but made sure that it was made a part of the convention's record so that there could be no possible chance of the Pennsylvania-at-large vote escaping the Jerseyman so long as he is under consideration at Baltimore.

It is said by men in touch with the Wilson movement that the former college professor, even though he believed himself to be hopelessly out of the running, would remain in the race long enough to embarrass the Pennsylvanians who are alleged to have used him as a vehicle.

Sues After Beauty Treatment.

Because Dr. J. R. Mitchell failed to make her sun-burned arms white, pretty and soft, as the doctor had agreed to do, Miss Nannie Stroud, of Fortworth, Texas, brought suit against him for \$25,000 damages. She alleged that in applying chemicals to her arms the physician not only failed to remove the tan, but seriously affected her and caused her great suffering.

Miss Stroud has been receiving the "beauty treatment" for six months, following a visit to an Arizona ranch, where the sun turned her arms to a healthier if less beautiful color. She declares in her petition that the use of her muscles has been destroyed.

Shocked by Yellow Tights.

Residents of Sheridan road, Chicago, are being treated to a musical comedy setting in real life these warm nights by pretty girls in canary-colored tights who flash by on motorcycles. Other girl riders may be seen any warm evening attired in tight-fitting trousers and clinging to their male escorts, who occupy the front seat of the motorcycles, Frank Roysell, a policeman, has been unable to catch the riders, who, he says, are shocking his sense of propriety. "One girl in particular," the policeman asserted, "may be seen any warm night. She wears light yellow tights."

Use Allen's Foot-Ease.

The antiseptic powder to shake into the shoes. Makes tight or new shoes feel easy. Relieves painful, swollen, tender, sweating, aching feet and takes the sting out of corns and bunions. Sold everywhere, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Sample free. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

The Crops.

Bradstreet's Report says: Excessive moisture has continued to be the chief source of complaint in the agricultural sections, preventing, as it has in many sections, the repairing of previous damage. Thus, spring-wheat seeding has been delayed in North Dakota, cotton planting and cultivation has been interfered with in the south, except Texas, and plowing and planting of grain and vegetable crops has been held up in the northern states generally. On the other hand, rains have helped winter wheat in Kansas.

The winter wheat crop has made some progress since May 1, but a large crop is out of the question. Best reports come from Texas, Nebraska, Kansas and the Pacific northwest. Reports from the states east of the Mississippi and north of the Ohio are no better than last week.

Spring-wheat seeding is finished except in parts of western North Dakota, where rain has prevented seeding. A small decrease in area from last year is indicated, but the fact that much seed has been drilled on stubble land is an unfavorable feature. That part of the crop that is up looks well.

Oats seeding has progressed to a close in the west but is still unfinished in the east. The crop that is up looks good.

Corn plowing and planting has been retarded, and the outlook favors a late-sown crop and not as large an area as earlier expected.

Conditions have been against the cotton planter this week, except in Texas. Rain and floods in the lower Mississippi have caused damage except in the high ground, and breaks in the levees have flooded the Yazoo delta in Mississippi and some of the sugar lands near the latter river. In the eastern half of the belt too much rain is complained of as affecting planting and growth. Truck crops in the south Atlantic states are reported short.

The May 1 crop report shows the lowest winter-wheat crop condition at that date since 1904, and the largest winter-killing ever recorded. The indicated crop is only 370,000,000 bushels, the smallest total recorded since 1904, when only 332,000,000 bushels were raised. The rye crop and hay lands are reported below the average, and plowing and planting are both much below the average.

Was Too Ill to Appear.

District Attorney Small had a surprise sprung on him on Monday, says the Bloomington Press, when a foreigner appeared in his office and handed him a medical certificate, which read as follows:

"Miners Hospital, May 4, 1912.
"This is to certify that Anthony Cobalis is being treated here and he will be unable to appear at court on May 6, 1912."

"J. S. Monahan, M. D.
"That feller can't come to court," remarked the foreigner as the district attorney finished reading the certificate.
"Where is he?"
"I'm the feller."

"Well, if that's the case, Anthony, you just stay right here."
And Anthony is staying.

He's the defendant in an assault and battery case, continued over from the February term.

When Your Feet Ache.

From Corns, Bunions, Sore or Callous Spots, Blisters, New or Tight Fitting Shoes, Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes, will give instant relief. Sold everywhere, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. For FREE sample address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Job at Faculty Brought Results.

The Dickinsonian, the Dickinson College (Carlisle) weekly, recently published a record of attendance at chapel services, in which the faculty was credited with an average of less than 50 per cent. Previous to that time students were severely criticised for laxity in chapel duties. As a result the college authorities are seriously considering a change in the hour of holding the daily chapel service in the next few days. The hour of chapel will be changed from 8.15 o'clock to 10.30.

C. H. Wildmann, 143½ Bedford St., Cumberland, Md., writes: "I have used Foley Kidney Pills and find them all O. K. I had tried other remedies but Foley Kidney Pills are the best medicine I ever used." They are tonic in action and give quick and permanent benefit. Sold by C. M. Parrish.

Codling Moth Demonstration.

On Saturday, May 25th, there will be a demonstration of spraying for the codling moth in the orchard of E. A. Bartges, at Millheim. The demonstration will be held at one o'clock in the afternoon and a cordial invitation to the public, fruit growers especially, is extended. The demonstration will be under the supervision of the division of economic zoology of the State Department of Agriculture.

Novel Dress For Girl.

A novel adaptation of the kimono sleeve effect is shown for the dress of a little girl. The side body and the sleeve of elbow length are cut in one piece, which has a lap extending from the front of the shoulder to the bust line, the lap buttoning over upon the double box plait, which extends down to the hem of the dress skirt. Simple, yet chic, is this little frock, a pattern of which is given in one of the current magazines.

IN BELLEFONTE

Every Claim Is Backed by Local Testimony.

If the reader wants stronger proof than the following statement and experience of a resident of Bellefonte what can it be?

William McClellan, 244 E. Lamb St., Bellefonte, Pa., says: "Doan's Kidney Pills fixed me up in good shape and consequently I think highly of them. I suffered for a long time from pain and lameness across my back and some mornings I could hardly get out of bed. My back ached constantly and the kidney secretions were irregular in passage. Hearing a great deal about Doan's Kidney Pills, I decided to try them and procured a supply from Green's Pharmacy Co. They cured me and I am now enjoying good health. My advice to anyone afflicted with kidney complaint is to take Doan's Kidney Pills. (Statement given October 21, 1907.)"

Re-endorsement. Mr. McClellan was interviewed on November 23, 1909 and he said: "I have taken Doan's Kidney Pills once or twice during the past two years, while suffering from backache and they have given me prompt relief. You are welcome to publish my testimonial at any time you desire."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Posters-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Real Estate Transfers.

Recorder Francis Speer has recorded the following real estate transfers:

Michael Meese et ux, to Martin Meese, 200 acres of land in Spring township; \$1249.

William F. Reynolds to John Lutz, 45 acres in Benner township; \$3323.

William E. Phillips, Adm., to William F. Miller, 146 acres in Gregg township; \$6660.

Ezra Smith to George W. Smith, 2 acres in Benner township; \$200.

William H. Jones to William H. Hindle, lot in Phillipsburg; \$10,000.

J. Howard Tipton, et ux, to William Tressler, 304 acres in Curtin township; \$1.

William C. Heinle to D. C. Callahan, 5 acres in Benner township; \$3.50.

William F. Zeigler to James A. Wirt, 130 acres in Haines township; \$9000.

Angela Hemmes, et al, to Lawrence L. Miller, 2 lots in Phillipsburg; \$125.

Sarah E. Gehret to Orin A. Kane, premises in Bellefonte; \$1400.

Helen R. Meyer, et baron, to William Bilger, 140 acres in Benner township; \$1.

Thomas G. McCausland, et al, to Margie B. Frantz, 12 acres in Rush township; \$50.

McNitt-Hayett Lmb. Co. to C. K. Sober, two tracts land in Benner township; \$275.

C. K. Sober to Ada R. Duck, tract of land in Benner township; \$65.

John F. Stover, et al, to Henry C. Noil, 6 acres in Benner township; \$12.

Julia Curtin to William G. Runkle, 379 acres in Spring township; \$9000.

G. W. Loneberger, et ux, to Samuel Flora, 22 acres in Benner township; \$220.

J. A. Shangraw, et ux, to John Bodencak, premises in Moshannon; \$1.

George W. Ellenberger, to E. E. Ellenberger, 147 acres in Ferguson township; \$4500.

George W. Ellenberger to Arthur S. Ellenberger, 157 acres in Ferguson township; \$6300.

William P. Humes to Benjamin F. Deitrich, premises in Bellefonte; \$425.

Hand Boards.

Below is a substance of a law as to the duty of Supervisors in Pennsylvania, in the matter of erecting and maintaining guide posts or finger boards at the junction of public highways.

"The Supervisors shall cause posts to be erected at the intersection of all public roads within their respective townships (where trees are not convenient) with boards firmly fixed thereon, and index hand pointed to the direction of such roads, on which boards shall be inscribed in large and legible characters, the name of the town, village or place to which said road may lead, and the distance thereon computed in miles. If any Supervisors shall, after ten days' personal notice, neglect or refuse to put up or keep in complete repair, index boards as aforesaid, such Supervisors shall for every offense, forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding \$10." Constables are required by law to make a sworn statement to each court of Quarter Sessions stating whether or not all index boards are up, reporting particularly any that are not up.

Born After Mother's Death.

The world's first baby boy to be born after his mother's death is now a patient in Fordham Hospital, New York, full of vitality and apparently destined to a long life. By a Caesarian operation the child was delivered, the physicians at Fordham Hospital assert, 10 minutes after the mother had died of apoplexy. The boy weighed 8½ pounds. The case is said by physicians to be without precedent and most startling as showing that life persists in the organs following the phenomenon of death. The boy's mother was Mrs. Rebecca Lipschitz of the Bronx.

Feel languid, weak, run-down? Headache? Stomach "off"?—Just a plain case of lazy liver. Burdock Blood Bitter tones liver and stomach, promotes digestion, purifies the blood.

A Tyrant and a Terror.

It has been said the life of Frederick the Great as a boy under his father, Frederick I., first king of Prussia, was worse than that of Oliver Twist or Smike at Dotheboys Hall. The old king was a tyrant of the worst description, and his own family experienced him at his worst. Frederick as a boy received instruction in music and French from refugees in Berlin, but when the king learned of it he stopped the music peremptorily.

The lad had little liking for military pursuits. His father suspected his son of heresy without having any clear idea of what his own theology really was. Once in a rage the king almost strangled his son with a window cord, and at length matters were brought to a crisis by the prince running away. It was only through diplomatic intervention that Frederick's life was spared, for he was a soldier, and he had been guilty of desertion. In his father's eyes this was a heinous offense and so grave that a friend who was associated with the prince in his "rebellion" suffered the extreme penalty.

Name Unknown.

The men were eating their lunch in the temporary headquarters of the chief electrician when the telephone bell rang. Terry answered.

"Hello. Yes, this is the place, mum. What's his name again? Stewart, is it? No, there ain't nobody by that name here that I know of. Boys, does any of you know a man around here by the name of Mr. Stewart?"

"Not I," said Pat.

"Nor I," said Mike.

Phelim and Aloysius shook their heads.

"There's nobody here knows who you want, mum," said Terry to the phone.

He returned to his dinner pail and a moment later suddenly laid down his sandwich and shouted:

"Boys, do you know who the man Stewart is that the lady wanted? Be gorry, it's the boss!"—Newark News.

Dickens' Tidiness.

Authors, as a rule, are not famed for tidiness, but Dickens was an exception. "There never existed, I think, in all the world a more thoroughly tidy or methodical creature than was my father," wrote his daughter Mamie. "He was tidy in every way—in his mind, in his handsome and graceful person, in his work, in keeping his writing table drawers, in his large correspondence—in fact, in his whole life."

But he could be a piglet also, for example, in regard to the furniture in a room in a hotel. He might be staying only a single night, but if it did not please him he would rearrange it all, always turning the bed north and south to meet his views of the electrical currents of the earth.

Lincoln at the Ball.

Lincoln married Miss Mary Todd of Kentucky. He met her, the story goes, when he was first elected to the legislature of Illinois at the governor's ball in Springfield, the state capital.

Said he to the lady, "Miss Todd, I would like to dance with you the worst way."

She was agreeable, and they joined the throng.

"Well, Mary," said a friend when he had escorted her back to her place, "how was the dance?"

"Why, just as he said," Miss Todd replied; "the very worst way."

Hissing in the Theater.

Formerly there was no hissing in the theater. The benevolent audience was content to yawn and fall asleep. The invention of hissing is no older than 1680 and took place at the first representation of "Asper," a tragedy of Fontenelle, so we are told by the poet Roi in his "Brevet de la Calotte." A farce was produced in Bannister's time under the title of "Fire and Water." "I predict its fate," said Bannister. "What fate?" whispered the anxious author at his side. "What fate?" said Bannister. "Why, what can fire and water produce but a hiss?"

Always a Way.

"I am beginning to fear," said the Rev. Mr. Goodman, "that I may be in jeering too much humor into my sermons. The congregation may fall into the habit of neglecting to take me seriously."

"Oh, don't worry about that, dear," his wife replied. "Whenever you begin to notice that they are not taking you seriously just ask them to raise your salary."—Chicago Record-Herald.

The Name Kentucky.

It is the opinion of many authorities that the Indian word Kentuckee did not signify "dark and bloody battle-ground," as many have supposed. They incline to the belief that the word means "at the head of a river" and that it was used to designate the place where the Indians gathered previous to migration southward. This spot was near the source of the Kentucky river.—New York Press.

Why He Laughed.

Harduppe—Poor old Brownsmith's memory is a complete blank. He can't remember a thing. Borrowwell—Ha, ha, ha, ho, ho! Harduppe—What are you laughing about? Borrowwell—I can't help it. I owed him \$10. Ha, ha, ha!—Philadelphia Record.

The Keynote.

Knicker—I thought simplicity was to be the keynote of your gowns. Mrs. Knicker—It is. I have simply got to have them.—New York Sun.

The Usual Course.

She—What would you do if you had money enough to supply your needs? He—I'd make a lot more to supply my wants.—Variety Life.

Learn How Long a Minute Is.

A railroad man recently said that few persons realize how long a minute really is. He said if the ordinary passenger reaches a station and finds the train will go out in one minute he is nearly frantic. He rushes madly for it, knocking obstructionists in every direction, falling over himself, losing his breath, barking his shins and damaging the scenery generally, to fall up the steps and gasp unpleasantly for the next half hour. If, on the other hand, a railroad man wishes to take a train he waits until half a minute of the starting time, puts on his overcoat and hat leisurely, saunters across the yard, perhaps stops to give a few instructions to a workman and swings himself calmly up on to the steps in ample time before the train begins to move. No; it is not only because he knows the ropes, but because he has an accurate idea how much time there is in a minute. Perhaps that explains their clocks.—New York Tribune.

Unreal Suns.

The mock suns of the arctic regions are somewhat similar to the mirages of the desert. As the long winter night of the polar region wanes, once every twenty-four hours a slight glow is seen at some point on the horizon. Often accompanying this glow is seen the phenomenon of the mock suns. Several degrees up in the heavens as many as five of these spectral orbs have been seen at one time. Invariably they are all connected in a geometric figure, the suns seemingly bound together with circles and arcs of light. Often when only one appears it is mistaken for the real god of day, and natives rejoice at the early end of the long winter night, only to be disappointed as the image disappears. The explanation of the phenomenon is given by physicists as refraction and reflection of light from the real sun below the horizon on the mists in the upper atmosphere.

Fires That Never Go Out.

There are many household fires in England which are kept burning continuously. In several Yorkshire inns—which, like the Falcon, on Cloughton moor, make a specialty of peat cakes—there is always a ruddy glow on the hearth.

There are whole districts in Wales, too, where domestic fires never go out. Once lit, they are kept alight because of the difficulty of starting them. This is owing to the peculiar character of the fuel, which is culm, a mixture of anthracite coal and clay. In every house in the culm districts the last job at night is making up the fire, and then it is time for bed. There is no inclination to tarry, for nothing looks more dead than the black, sodden mass from which smoke is curling. But in the morning the bellows quickly bring a blaze, and the kettle boils in ten minutes' time.—London Answers.

Estimating the Damage.

The wagon and the eggs had been settled for, and now it came to deciding on the value of the farmer's horse, which lay unquestionably dead in the ditch.

"Now," said Winkles, leaning back in the tannery, "how much do you want for the horse?"

"Twenty dollars, I guess," said the farmer.

"Twenty dollars?" echoed Winkles. "For that old skate? Why, he's nothing but a hat rack—a perfect plug."

"Waal," drawled the farmer, "reckon on that there basis, the last time I got a skate on it cost me \$9. Ye can't git a hat rack fittin' to be seen fer less'n \$12, and as fer the plug, I paid \$4 for the last beaver hat I bought to wear to meetin'. That's \$25 on your own gignerin' without no pay fer buryin' the critter."—Harper's.

Tree Fences.

In his book on Newfoundland P. T. McGrath has this to say of the Beothic Indians: "They felled trees to form fences to stop the caribou in their annual migration and head them toward the rivers, where they could more easily kill them. Travelers who subsequently came upon these fences say they often extended thirty or forty miles and were most ingenious in their construction, the trees being cut so that they fell on one another and their branches being then interlaced in such a fashion as made it impossible for the deer to escape."

A Tip to Mamma.

"Mamma," said small Sadie to her mother, who had been very ill, "I'm glad you are able to be up again, but—"

"But what, dear?"

"Papa does put such a lot of butter on our dry toast at breakfast."—Chicago News.

Tit For Tat.

"You know," said a smart young man to a girl, "some one has said that if you want a lasting pair of boots make the soles of the tongue of a woman."

"Yes," replied the girl, "and for the uppers you ought to take the cheek of the man who said it."—London Tit-Bits.

All He Would Get.

"Pebbles says he is thinking of running for congress. Do you think that would be advisable?"

"Well, the exercise might do him good."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

A Kind Boss.

"Is your boss a kind man?"

"Sure. My wife came down to draw my pay one day while I was out on a job, and he wouldn't let her have it."—Buffalo Express.

The brightest blaze of intelligence is of incalculably less value than the smallest spark of charity.—Nevins.

Seeing Distances.

About 200 miles in every direction is the distance a man can see when standing on a clear day on the peak of the highest mountain—say at a height of 28,000 feet, or a little over five miles above the level of the sea. An observer must be at a height of 6,000 feet above sea level to see objects at a distance of a hundred miles. The distance in miles at which an object upon the surface of the earth is visible is equal to the square root of one and one-half times the height of the observer in feet above sea level. Some allowance has to be made for the effect of atmospheric refraction, but as the refraction varies at different heights and is affected by the various states of the weather no precisely accurate figures for general purposes can be given. Probably from one-fourteenth to one-tenth of the distance given by the formula would have to be deducted owing to the refraction of the atmosphere.

"Long Live the King."

The expression "The king is dead, long live the king," indicates the automatic succession of ruling sovereigns—the moment a king dies his successor becomes king without any further formality. It is believed to have had its origin at the death of Louis XIV. of France. In Pardee's "Life of Louis XIV." is the following account of the announcement of the death of that monarch:

"The death of Louis XIV. was announced by the captain of the body-guard from a window of the stables apartment. Raising his truncheon above his head, he broke it in the air and, throwing the pieces among the crowd, exclaimed in a loud voice: 'Le roi est mort! (the king is dead! Then, seizing another staff, he dashed it in the air as he shouted, 'Vive le roi! (Long live the king!'"—New York Times.

Primitive Screws.

Screws are still made in India just as they were made originally, by winding two soft wires together around a mandrel. The wires are then carefully separated, and one of them is soldered into a tube or nut, while the other is soldered to a short rod. All the silver smiths make their screws in this way and they are all left handed, for the are wound over and over by the right hand. Screw bolts and screw presses were introduced by Europeans, and for many years all the cotton exported from India was compressed by a massive screw of wood, turned round by cattle yoked to a long lever. This screw may still be found in remote districts. It is cut entirely by hand and is set out by winding two ropes around the hand dressed beam to give the pitch.—Eastern Engineering.

Dickens and a Face Ache.

Dickens wanted to be an actor before he was an author. He would have been but for a face ache. When he was a lad and a lawyer's clerk he had attained a trial of his power of reproducing "character and oddity" before Mathews and Charles Kemble. But a face ache kept him at home, and soon after he "made a great splash" as a newspaper reporter. Thereafter he reproduced "character and oddity" on paper instead of the stage.

The Last Dance.

He—May I ask you for a dance?

She—Certainly, the last one on the list.

He—But I'll not be here then.

She—Neither will I.

"Dr. Miles' Nervine Raised Me From the Grave"—Mrs. Taylor

This is a strong statement to make, but it is exactly what Mrs. Thomas Taylor, of Blum, Texas, said in expressing her opinion of this remedy.

"Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine raised me from the grave and I have much confidence in it. I can never say enough for your grand medicine. If anyone had offered me \$100.00 for the second bottle of Nervine that I used I would have said 'no indeed.'"

MRS. THOMAS TAYLOR,

Blum, Tex.

Nervous exhaustion is a common occurrence of modern life. The wear and tear on the nervous system is greater now than at any time since the world began. For sleeplessness, poor appetite and that "run down" feeling, nothing is so good as

Dr. Miles' Nervine

Your nerves are your life and lack of vital energy makes existence a misery. Dr. Miles' Nervine will tone up your nervous system.

Ask any druggist. If the first bottle fails to benefit, your money is returned.

MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

There are people in this town who are thinking of neglecting a "mere cold" though they would not otherwise expose their children or themselves to danger. Yet a cold neglected may develop into contagious diphtheria, bronchitis, or pneumonia. Use Foley's Honey and Tar Compound promptly for it stops coughs quickly and cures colds. It contains no opiates and is safe for children. Sold by C. M. Parrish.



ITCH! ITCH! ITCH!

To The Ladies!

Mrs. Bertha Rupp is having a Complete Line of Famous and Perfect Fitting, for all figures.

CORSETS

and will be glad to have the ladies call and be fitted.

Prices \$1.00 and Upward

Mrs. Bertha Rupp

426 East College Avenue, STATE COLLEGE, PENNA.

Many Children are Sickly.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children Break up Colds in 24 hours, relieve Feverishness, Headache, Stomach troubles, Teething, Discolored, and Destroy Worms. At all druggists, 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address, Allen Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

FOLEY'S ORINO LAXATIVE FOR STOMACH TROUBLE AND CONSTIPATION

A Business Help For Business Men.

Checks instead of ready cash—the safest method of paying bills and transacting business. Also the most convenient way.



You always have the exact amount on hand. You always get a receipt for your payment—for a check returned to you through your bank is the best of valid receipts. Why not take advantage of this business help? Call and discuss it with us.

Bellefonte Trust Company.

Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

Paying By Check!

It adds to the credit of any man to be able to write his check in settlement of an account, payment of a debt or for the purchase of anything, no matter how small, and insures a receipt and record of the transaction that may save trouble later on.

The First National Bank,

Bellefonte, - - - - - Penna.

Dr. Miles' Nervine

Dr. S. H. Anderson, the widely known specialist of Pittsburg, Pa., 440 Sixth Avenue, has thoroughly tested the action of Foley Kidney Pills and, after eight months of the closest investigation, reports: "Foley Kidney Pills are the best I have ever used. They clear away the uric acid and albuminous sediment, allay the spasmodic action of the neck of the bladder, also the tenesmus, and in fact renovate the kidneys. I speak this way knowing the action of Foley Kidney Pills, as I have given them a good test." They cure backache, rheumatism, and all kidney and bladder ailments. Give them a trial. Sold by C. M. Parrish.

Read "The Republican" \$1 a year.

DREER'S SEEDS PLANTS BULBS

To make your garden a success, you will find an invaluable guide in Dreer's Garden Book.

An encyclopedia on gardening, of 288 pages, 1000 splendid photographs, 4 color plates and 6 duotone plates. Full directions given for growing flowers, plants, bulbs, vegetables, lawn grass and farm seeds.

Color Write Model Free HENRY A. DREER

714 Chestnut St., Phila., Pa.

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS

for backache, rheumatism, kidney or bladder trouble, and urinary irregularities. Foley Kidney Pills are tonic in action, quick in results. Refuse substitutes. For sale at C. M. Parrish, druggist.

THE REPUBLICAN.

Bellefonte, Pa., May 16, 1912.
 CHARLES E. DORWORTH, - Ed. & Pub.
 Subscription rate, \$1 a year, strictly in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.
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 One Half Column, 1 year, 50
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 Legal Notices (if no special contract exists) 10 cents per line, each insertion, nonpareil measure.

THE REPUBLICAN TICKET

State Treasurer,
 Robert K. Young.
 Auditor General,
 A. W. Powell.

Congress at Large,
 Fred E. Lewis,
 Arthur R. Ruple,
 John M. Morin,
 Anderson M. Walters.

National Delegates-at-Large,
 Ziba T. Moore,
 H. H. Gilkison,
 W. P. Young,
 George R. Scull,
 W. H. Hackenbush,
 W. W. Kincaid,
 Lex Mitchell,
 Fred W. Brown,
 Owen C. Underwood,
 George H. Flinn,
 J. E. Schleifley,
 R. D. Towne.

Congress,
 Charles E. Patton.
 Assembly,
 C. L. Granley.

Mrs. Mary C. Thompson Dead.

Mrs. Mary C. Thompson, one of the oldest and most highly esteemed residents of Philipsburg, and a native of Buffalo Run valley, died early Tuesday morning after an extended illness. Interment will be made today in Half-Moon valley along side of the remains of her husband in the Quaker cemetery. Mrs. Thompson was born in Buffalo Run valley January 3, 1837, making her age 75 years, 4 months and 11 days. She was a daughter of Henry and Nancy Hartsock, pioneer settlers of that valley. On October 11, 1859, she married A. J. Thompson, of Stormtown, at which place she lived until after the death of her husband in 1895. Surviving are the following children: Dr. H. H., John K., M. J., Mrs. Frank C., wife of A. H. Duncan, Miss Maryetta and A. C., all of Philipsburg; Mrs. Alice C. Harshberger, of Port Matilda, and C. M., of Tyrone. One daughter, Annie L., preceded her to the grave on July 2, 1888. She also leaves one brother, John C. Hartsock, of Buffalo Run, and one sister, Miss Lizette Hartsock, of Pasadena, Cal.

John Houtz Dead.

The venerable John Houtz died on May 6th, at 8 o'clock a. m., at his late home in Patton township, after an all-winter illness from infirmities due to advanced years. Patient to the last, he resignedly awaited the end, confidently looking to his Master for the reward for his christian life. He was aged 80 years, 10 months and 26 days. The old Patriarch was a member of the Lutheran church from the days of his youth and was always found in his pew when health permitted. His life was that of a farmer and he spent most of it in College and Ferguson townships. The last ten years he lived retired at Waddle. Surviving are a widow and seven children. Mrs. D. P. Weaver, of Benore; Mrs. Fred Gummo, of Halfmoon; John, of Bellefonte; William, of Graysville; Oscar, of Tyrone; Edward, of Benore; and Wilson, of State College, also by one brother, Philip, of Snyder County. Burial was made on Thursday, at 10 o'clock, a. m., in the Gatesburg cemetery, Rev. Mr. Sasserman officiating.

John S. Bathurst Dead.

John S. Bathurst, of Mt. Eagle, died at Lock Haven on Saturday morning of last week. He had been ill but a short time, his death being due to pneumonia. Several weeks prior to that he had gone to Lock Haven to work for the Susquehanna Traction Company, assisting in laying tracks near Flemington. He was at work but one day when he was taken ill with a heavy cold. Pneumonia developed and he rapidly became worse. His death occurred at the home of a sister, Mrs. T. B. Stahl. Interment was made in the cemetery at Curtin. Deceased was aged 57 years on February 7th, last. Surviving him are two brothers, Alfred and Oscar Bathurst, of North Clarendon, and the following sisters: Mrs. William Berry and Mrs. Minnie Bunce, of Sterling Run; Mrs. Rebecca Spence, of Emporium; Mrs. William Aikens, of Lewisburg; Mrs. T. B. Stahl and Mrs. Elizabeth Bathurst, of Lock Haven.

Aged War Veteran Dead.

Philip Haines, an aged veteran of the Civil war and a resident of Boggs township, died at his late home there on Monday, May 6th. He was aged 71 years, 1 month and 24 days. His death was due to pneumonia, from which he was ill but a few days. During the Civil war he served with distinction and bravery as a member of the 13th Penna. Cavalry. With the termination of hostilities between the North and South, he returned to Centre County and engaged in farming to the closing days of his life. Funeral services were held on Thursday morning, interment being made at Unionville. Surviving Mr. Haines are a widow, one daughter, Mrs. Frank Peters, of Union township, and one son, Frank, at home.

Correspondence.

Julian.

Mrs. R. R. Swisher is seriously ill at this time.

Miss Murray is the guest of her cousin, Miss Elva Campbell.

Wilbur Myers spent Sunday in Tyrone visiting his brother, John.

Rev. S. J. Taylor, D. D., of Altoona, was a business visitor in town on Saturday.

There will be preaching service in the U. B. church on Sunday morning, at 10.30 o'clock.

J. H. Turner has purchased the farm from Orlando Williams adjoining his other farm.

Our farmers are very much back with their spring work on account of the extremely wet season.

Orlando Williams, of Kerrmoor, Pa. spent a few days circulating among friends and relatives this week.

Miss Mary Swope left on Saturday for an extended visit among friends in Millersville, Lancaster and Harrisburg.

The M. E. church will hold a festival next Saturday evening, May 18th. Pies, cakes and ice cream will be served. Proceeds for the benefit of the church.

The cemetery at this place is badly in need of attention. It is growing up with briars and weeds and some of the graves are very much in need of filling up. It seems very strange that some people forget their dead friends so soon. It is hoped that the people will turn out and help fix up this cemetery so that it will be a credit to our community.

Blanchard.

Miss Martha Potts was a Howard visitor on Saturday.

Maurice Shilling was admitted to the Lock Haven hospital on Monday for an operation.

Miss Laura Gardner, of Dr. Hayes' hospital in Bellefonte, spent Sunday with her parents here.

William Packer has left Blanchard and gone to Mill Hall, where he will work at his trade as a blacksmith.

Miss Bertha Cox, who has been undergoing treatment in the Lock Haven hospital, was able to return home on Monday.

Samuel Smith, of Pittsburg, who has been home on sick leave for ten days, returned to his work on Monday. He was greatly benefited by his trip.

Christ Singer and his mother and George Page and wife attended the funeral of Mrs. Daniel Boop at Snow Shoe intersection on Saturday.

Mrs. Daniel Glossner has returned to her home from the Lock Haven hospital, where she underwent a rather severe operation for the removal of gall stones. She is greatly improved.

Mrs. Sarah Winslow who has been ill for some time and has been staying with Mrs. Alva Winslow, returned to her home on Friday very much improved in health.

"Mothers Day" was appropriately observed at the Baptist church on Sunday evening, and a very fine program was rendered by the members of the Young Peoples Society and of the church.

Mt. Eagle.

Will Robinson, who is employed at Renovo, spent Sunday here with his family.

Miss Gettig, of Nittany, spent Sunday with her sister, Mrs. Hays Daughenbaugh.

E. H. Leathers is busy planting an orchard on the piece of land he bought this spring.

Miss Pearl Gates returned home on Saturday after a delightful visit with friends in Altoona.

Mr. and Mrs. Ammon Gramley, of Coleville, recently spent the day with the latter's brother, J. F. Deitz.

Mrs. Molly Leathers on Saturday attended the funeral of her cousin, Mrs. Boop, at Snow Shoe intersection.

Will Bitter last Thursday took his young cattle to the Allegheny mountains where they will pasture until fall.

The funeral of the late John Bathurst, who died at Lock Haven, was held from the Mt. Eagle church on Sunday and was largely attended by friends and neighbors of the deceased. Rev. Mr. Heck, of Lock Haven, officiated.

Unionville.

Mrs. Sarah Holt spent Sunday in Tyrone.

Mrs. W. B. Parsons and mother visited friends in Julian on Saturday.

Boyd A. Stere departed for Pittsburg on Saturday, where he expects to visit friends.

We are sorry to note that neighbor, Thomas McClellan, is seriously ill at his home here.

B. W. Shipley, H. C. Peters and J. H. Fisher are beautifying their properties with fresh paint.

We are sorry to say that our venerable friend and neighbor is confined to his bed. His many friends have little hopes for his recovery.

Mrs. Susan Taylor, after spending the winter with her daughter, Clara, in Washington, D. C., returned home on Wednesday evening.

Mrs. William Turner had a sinking spell on last Thursday. She was unconscious for two hours, but finally recovered. At this writing she is improving slowly.

Lawrence F. De Bayarde and wife, arrived here Thursday evening. Mr. De Bayarde was manager of the Queens Taste Kitchen in Altoona. They expect to go to Pittsburg in the near future.

The Unionville Cemetery Association met at B. W. Shipley's on Monday. All officers were elected to serve another year as follows: B. W. Shipley, president; Managers, H. E. Holtzworth, Dr. W. U. Irwin, Dr. E. A. Russell, J. T. Barton; D. Hall, treasurer; H. M. Stere, secretary. The Board of Managers will meet at R. Pratt's office on Friday evening. All members are requested to be present.

Moshannon.

Mrs. Frank Watson, of Snow Shoe, was a recent visitor here.

William Kerin was a visitor to the county seat one day last week.

Miss Sarah Cartwright visited on Saturday evening with her cousin, Brimilla Bullock.

The roads were very dusty, now they are very muddy.

Bertha Walker celebrated her twelfth birthday anniversary by going on the sick list. Hard luck, Bertha.

Edward Fye and little niece, Mary, were out fishing on Saturday. We haven't learned how many they caught.

Mrs. Amelia Parks, of Snow Shoe, was a Sunday visitor at the home of her parents, the Luther Bicketts.

John Hazard, of Clarence, spent Sunday with his uncle, George Cartwright, on Windy Hill.

We had a violent thunder storm on Monday of last week.

Some of our jolly young sports made a trip to Snow Shoe on Saturday evening.

After an absence of about three weeks Miss Pricilla Beam returned to the Thomas Fye home, where she is employed. She was accompanied by her sister, Bertha.

Aaron Beam made a flying trip through here on Saturday.

Edgar Fye is spending some time at Grass-Flat.

Mrs. A. J. Walker spent Saturday with Mrs. Sophia Vandes, who is ill.

Abraham Hanscom and sister and Miss Neiman, of Curtin, spent Saturday and Sunday at the T. A. Fye home.

A slide of rock killed two of Kelly Brothers mules one day last week in the Cherry Run mines.

William Holt's two sons, Harris and Albert, were Sunday visitors at the A. J. Walker home. Mrs. Lannie Fye, of Pine Glen, was a visitor on Monday at the Walker home.

Mrs. John Yearick Dead.

The life of a good woman was brought to a close when death on Saturday, last at 2.30 o'clock P. M., claimed all that was mortal of Mrs. Almetta Yearick, wife of John Yearick, of near Jacksonville. Her demise followed an illness dating back to August of last year. Funeral services were held on Wednesday morning, at 10.30 o'clock, interment being made at Jacksonville, with Rev. R. F. Faust, pastor of the Howard Reformed church, officiating. Deceased was a devoted wife and mother and was a devout, active, christian and for fully thirty-five years was a faithful, sincere member of the Reformed church. Before her marriage to Mr. Yearick she was Almetta Duth, a daughter of Samuel Duth, now living in Freeport, Illinois. She was aged 49 years, 4 months and 2 days. Surviving are her husband and these children: Walter, Cicero, living in Philadelphia; Willard, Homer, Doyle, Lottie and Rosaline, all at home. Several half-brothers and half-sisters reside at Freeport, Illinois.

Civil War Veteran Dead.

Another old Civil war veteran answered the last roll call after several months' illness from heart trouble and dropsy, passing away at his late home in Franklinville on Tuesday, May 7th, at 2 o'clock, a. m. Deceased was a son of Joseph and Maria Bluck, and was born near Pine Grove Mills 74 years ago. He was a grandson of Timothy Pugh, the first settler, who lived and died near Pine Grove Mills, and who was one of the first Sunday school organizers and church workers. Deceased was a member of Company D, 148th Penna. Vols, General Beaver's old regiment, and served with distinction and bravery. He was wounded in the left leg at Gettysburg, and in after years this gave him considerable trouble. He was twice married, his first wife being Jane Moffit, who passed away some 24 years ago, leaving two daughters and four sons. Four years later he married Mrs. Ardrey, and to this union one son and one daughter were born and survive, as do also several brothers. He was a good citizen and a devoted parent. Burial was made on Thursday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, in the Franklinville cemetery, Rev. S. J. Pittenger officiating.

Mrs. Daniel Boop Dead.

Mrs. Daniel Boop, a very well known and highly esteemed resident of Union township, died on Wednesday of last week at her late home above Snow Shoe intersection. She had been in failing health, her death being due to heart failure and dropsy. She was aged about 69 years. Funeral services were held on Saturday.

Unclaimed Letters.

The following letters remain unclaimed at the Bellefonte postoffice for the last week. H. Gilbert Cook, Rollin Lucas, James Rossman, William Solt, Miss Mable Spicer, John G. Stoll, Frank H. Thomas, Edmund Thompson. Persons calling for these letters will kindly explain to the postmaster that the same have been advertised in "The Republican."

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing the work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

An Apron Shower.

Mrs. Alfred Gates, of WarriorsMark valley, was last Friday evening the recipient of exactly twenty-nine pretty and splendidly made aprons. The fact that any one person should receive so many aprons and all at one time is somewhat out of the ordinary. It would suggest at once the popularity of the recipient. The occasion in question was the sixty-fifth birthday anniversary of Mrs. Gates and upward of fifty of her friends gathered at her home to tender her an apron shower. During the evening a delicious supper was prepared by a daughter of Mrs. Gates, Mrs. Blanche Nearhoof, who had the kindly assistance of several good neighbors. All who were fortunate enough to be present had a most delightful time. The number included Mr. and Mrs. William Kinch, Mr. and Mrs. Martin Beck, Mr. and Mrs. Abram Nearhoof, Mr. and Mrs. Levi Nearhoof, Mr. and Mrs. John Stiver, Mr. and Mrs. Stine Nearhoof, Mr. and Mrs. Ross Ellenberger, Mr. and Mrs. Martin Chronister, Mr. and Mrs. McQuigg, Mr. and Mrs. Pierce Geist, Mr. and Mrs. Sylvester Nearhoof, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Cox, Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Burkett, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Gates, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Gates, Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Beck, Misses Anna Stiver, Angeline Geist, Elizabeth Stiver, Zella Beck, Loretta Geist, Alma Nearhoof, Catharine Stiver, Eva C. Gates, Catharine Cox, Gladys Geist, Zella Geist, Gertrude Cox, Mrs. George Nearhoof, Roscoe Nearhoof and Carl McQuigg.

John H. Metchley Dead.

John Hutchison Metchley died on May 7th, at his late home on Reynolds Avenue, following an illness of eight days, an attack of measles developing into pneumonia. Deceased was a son of Miles C. and Margaret C. Metchley, and was born near Houseville, February 10, 1906. The parents and three sisters Anna, Ruth and Mary, and one brother, William, survive. The funeral was held on Thursday morning, at 10 o'clock, Rev. G. E. Smith officiating. Interment was made in the Myers cemetery.

Beautiful Honeysuckles.

If we were somewhat proud in and about "The Republican" office on Monday we had good reason to be, for we were the recipients of a large bouquet of perfectly beautiful honeysuckles, the first to come to Bellefonte this year. The flowers were from our good friend, Martin Reese, passenger conductor on the Snow Shoe railroad and general all around good fellow.

Penny-A-Word Column.

WASHINGTON AT HOME—Mrs. Fannie Pendleton, Penn Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

FOR SALE OR RENT—House on Curtin Street; eleven rooms; all modern conveniences. Inquire of A. L. ORRISON, 3-28-t.

WANTED—White pine wood. Write or inquire of P. B. Crider & Son, Bellefonte, Pa.

FOUND—A bunch of keys tied by a narrow strap was found on Howard Street. Owner may recover same by calling at this office, identifying property and paying for this notice.

WANTED—A person in every community to take orders for "The Sinking of the Titanic and Great Sea Disasters." Liberal commission. Agents making from \$5 to \$10 per day. Don't delay. Be first in the field, and you will reap the rich reward. Write today. Address Box 27, Spring Mills, Pa., Centre Co. Both 'Phones, Bell 29-2, Commercial 2-3E.

Bellefonte Markets.

Corrected by the John Meese store.
 Eggs, per dozen..... 18
 Butter, per pound..... 30
 Potatoes..... 115

Bellefonte Grain Market.

Corrected by Gamble, Green & Co.
 Wheat, white or mixed..... 1.05
 Wheat, red..... 1.10
 Corn, shelled (per bu.)..... .80
 Corn, ears (per bu.)..... .80
 Oats (per bu.)..... .60
 Rye (per bu.)..... .70
 Barley (per bu.)..... .60
 Buckwheat (per bu.)..... .55

Legal Notice.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Centre County, No 176. May term 1912.
 In the matter of the dissolution of the Centre Brick Company.
 Notice is hereby given that the Centre Brick Company filed its petition in the Court of Common Pleas of Centre County on the 8th day of May, 1912, praying for a decree of dissolution and that the Court has fixed the 27th day of May, 1912, at 10 o'clock, a. m. for hearing said application for dissolution, when and where all persons interested may attend if they deem it expedient, and show cause against the granting of the prayer of said petitioner.
 HARRY KELLER
 Solicitor for Petitioner.

Low Fares To Atlantic City

ACCOUNT
 Convention American
 Medical Association

Tickets will be sold to Atlantic City on June 1, 2, and 3, good going and returning on all regular trains except the "Pennsylvania Special."
 Returning, tickets will be good to reach original starting point on or before June 10.

For full particulars concerning specified fares, time of trains, and stop-over privileges, consult nearest Ticket Agent.

Pennsylvania R. R.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

The only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

NO ALUM, NO LIME PHOSPHATE

Mrs. Anna Funk Dead.

Death closed the life of a christian woman, a good wife and loving mother when on Wednesday, May 8th, Mrs. Anna Musser Funk, wife of Oliver Funk, passed away at her late home at Spring Mills. Funeral services were held on Saturday morning, interment being made in the Georges valley cemetery. Deceased was a daughter of Ex-County Auditor and Mrs. Robert D. Musser. For some time she had been afflicted with paralysis, but during the entire period of her illness she bore her cross with true, christian fortitude and when the final summons came she quietly and peacefully slept into the Great Beyond. She was born in Penna valley and was aged 35 years and 22 days. By her many splendid qualities she had won the affectionate esteem of many friends, and by all her death is sincerely mourned. Surviving are her parents, her husband and two young children, Nevin and May Ruth, also several brothers and sisters.

Read "The Republican" \$1 a year.

Mrs. Z. T. Harshberger Dead.

Following a decline in health which had extended over a period of about four years, Mrs. Zachariah T. Harshberger died at her late home in Milesburg on Saturday evening at 8.30 o'clock. So well and favorably was she known that her passing away occasioned the deepest sorrow among a wide circle of friends. She was aged 69 years, 2 months and 3 days. Funeral services were held on Tuesday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from the late home, conducted by Rev. Dr. G. E. Hawes, pastor of the Bellefonte Presbyterian church. Interment was made in the Union cemetery here. Surviving to mourn the loss of a good wife and mother are the husband and two daughters, Maude and Elsie, both at home.

Death of James Flanagan.

James Flanagan, a well known resident of Mill Hall, died at his late home at that place on Saturday of last week, aged 79 years, 1 month and 11 days. He had been ill about six weeks, his decline having its inception with a stroke of paralysis. He was the father of Mrs. R. S. Taylor, whose husband was recently a minister at Howard.

Wild West Show Coming Soon.

The advance announcement of the appearance in Bellefonte on Tuesday, May 28th, of the great Prairie Lillie & Nebraska Bill's Historical Wild West Show will be greeted with delight by the residents of this town and surrounding country. Old and young alike will welcome the news with pleasure as it is seldom a show of the immense proportions of Prairie Lillie and Nebraska Bill's Wild West visit a town of this size, and it is only through the untiring efforts of a number of our most prominent business men that the management were induced to exhibit here. Prairie Lillie and Nebraska Bill's Wild West is superior to any and all other tented enterprises of its kind and character. Its entertainment is strictly refined in every particular, interesting, entertaining, amusing and highly instructive.

There is probably no better equipment touring the United States this season than this one. It's entire performance portrays frontier life past and present so remarkably natural that spectators at times imagine they are actual witnesses to some startling, sensational or thrilling feat of bravery, horsemanship or daring actually performed upon the once great plains of the far west.

The show carries over 250 Cowboys, Indians etc. representative rough riders of every known country of the entire world,—stage coaches, prairie schooners, Indian travoys, etc. 300 horses, buffalo, Texas steers, eld, burros etc.

Grand free street parade at 10 o'clock morning of exhibition date, and is worth going miles to witness.
 Two performances are given daily rain or shine. New and specially constructed tents thoroughly storm proof protect the audience at all times from the elements.

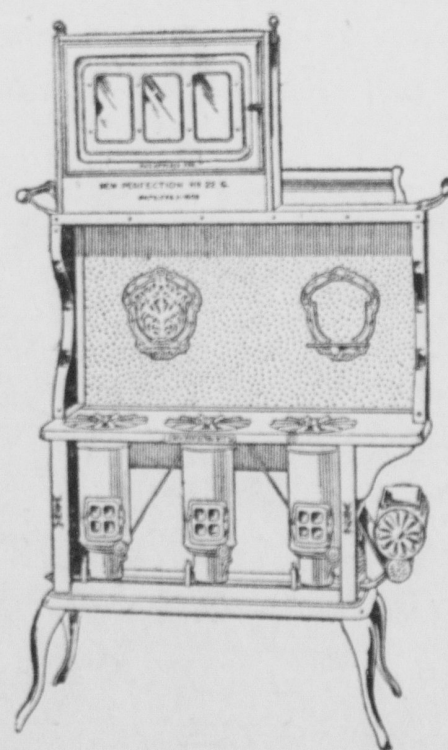
When Your Feet Ache.

From Corns, Bunions, Sore or Callous Spots, Blisters, New or Tight Fitting Shoes, Allen's Foot-Powder, the antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes, will give instant relief. Sold everywhere, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. For FREE sample address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

PREPARE FOR HOT WEATHER

This is the time of year to prepare for the hot summer season by buying a new Perfection Blue Flame Wick Oil Cooking Stove. With these stoves you can prepare a meal in a few minutes on short notice. By raising wick and lighting you can begin cooking at once. No delay waiting for your flame, turn wick down when through cooking the flame is extinguished and heat stops instantly.

THE GLASS DOOR OVENS



enable you to watch process of cooking without opening the door. Many people use this oven winter and summer in preference to coal ranges.

Each stove is supplied with cabinet containing towel racks and shelves for holding cooking utensils. By placing oven on cabinet you can keep food warm for hours.

A heating plate is given with each stove to heat two irons and for cooking with small vessels. A free demonstration will be given Thursday, Friday and Saturday of this week showing the many advantages this stove has over others. The public is cordially invited to call and see these stoves.

Miller's Hardware Store,

Allegheny Street,

Bellefonte, Pa.

The County at a Glance.

Howard.

Mrs. A. B. Weirick, of Altoona, visited relatives here one day this week.

Mrs. William Bland was taken to the hospital in Williamsport this week for treatment of her eyes.

Mrs. Bannison and her daughter Helen spent Mother's day in Mackeyville.

District Attorney Paul Fortney was a visitor in this place on Tuesday.

Miss Carrie Butler visited her sister in Mill Hall one day this week.

Edward Casselberry, of State College, visited here this week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Weirick, of Lock Haven, visited relatives here on Sunday.

Rev. Diehl, wife and daughter visited friends here one day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Miner transacted business one day last week in Lock Haven.

Samuel B. Schenck, of Altoona spent Sunday with the home folks.

Charles Candy and wife, of Tyrone, spent Sunday with friends.

Charles Bowes has returned home from Delaware.

Dr. W. J. Kurtz entertained his brother over Sunday.

W. F. Hall and wife spent Sunday with friends at Orviston.

James Forrest Pletcher, of Clearfield, was home between trains on Saturday.

Mrs. W. Delaney was a recent visitor with her niece Miss Annie Kane.

W. W. Schenck was home from Williamsport over Sunday.

P. M. Cheesman, of Newark, N. J., spent Sunday with Howard friends.

O. M. Lucas, of Altoona, was a home visitor on Sunday.

Charles DeHaas, who is employed as chauffeur at Snow Shoe, was home a few days.

George Grav, J. D. Diehl and D. A. Holter are in Williamsport several days this week.

Howard Robb, of Lancaster, and Mrs. Robb, of Lock Haven, are visiting her father, A. A. Pletcher.

Mrs. Bouse returned home from the Lock Haven hospital on Saturday. Her condition is serious.

John Weber last week received a five passenger Ford auto and will in the future ride behind a motor instead of walking.

Mrs. J. N. Lauth, who has been visiting her son in St. Louis, returned to her home last Thursday.

The annual sermon to Grove Brothers Post and affiliated orders will be preached Sunday afternoon in the Methodist church by Rev. W. A. Patterson.

Miss Mary Weirick returned home Tuesday afternoon from a visit of several weeks with her sister Mrs. Carr in Altoona.

James Flannigan, father of Mrs. R. S. Taylor who recently moved from his place, was buried in Mill Hall on Monday afternoon.

Miss Helen Moore, of Philadelphia, visited relatives here this week.

Frank Butler Sundayed with relatives in Mill Hall.

Mrs. John Mokle and children left on Saturday for a visit with her parents.

Harry Hayes, of Chicago, was an arrival on Wednesday to visit his mother a few days.

Mrs. William Williams, of Salona, was a visitor with her son W. E. Confer during the past week.

Mrs. Caroline Comerford spent a few days with her sister, Mrs. Burnside in Bellefonte.

Mrs. Priscilla Bell, of Bellefonte was a guest of Postmaster Hall and sisters on Thursday.

Gertrude Thomas and Marguerite Kane took in commencement at Mill Hall Friday night.

Howard Boro received three carloads of crushed limestone this week and it is now being placed on the streets.

Miss Elizabeth Rowe, of the Central State Normal School, at Lock Haven, visited her friend Miss Hilda Wagner over Sunday.

Miss Ada Markle returned to her home in State College Saturday after a week's visit with her parents. She was accompanied by her sister Mayme who will spend the summer there.

Pine Grove Mills.

Owing to the wet weather farm work is at a standstill.

Mrs. J. G. Hess is housed up with an attack of rheumatism.

Fred Musser is building a new brick house on the old burned site, 28x40.

The venerable John Powley is ill from heart trouble and dropsy.

Squire and Mrs. W. H. Musser, of Bellefonte, were over-Sunday visitors at the Dr. Woods home, on Main Street.

Davy Meyers was guiding J. C. Grough, the Berks county drover, among the farms hereabouts this week.

Last week Warren Bailey and family moved to Trenton, where Mr. Bailey has a snag job with a steel company.

J. Will Kepler is operating a big bark job on old Tussey, just west of Erb-town.

Miss Sarah Ward is visiting her cousins, the Wards at Baileyville, and having a most delightful time.

Miss Kate Stewart is among the sick, having suffered a general break down owing to advanced age.

W. S. Bailey and wife spent several days visiting the Ross Gregory home at Mooresville during the early part of the week.

The District Sunday School Convention will be held at Pine Hall, on the 22nd and 23rd of next month.

B. F. Homan is breaking ground for a new house, 31x34, on Pugh Street. Wallace Musser has both jobs, the same to be hustled through to completion.

Mrs. John Everhart and daughter, Maggie Gates, of Spruce Creek, were in town on Friday, each taking home some new head gear from the Everts-McElhane store.

Charles H. Foster had a well sunk on his farm, back of State College. He went down 160 feet and was rewarded with 60 feet of pure water.

The social held at the Frank McFarland home last Thursday evening for the benefit of the Bellefonte hospital was well attended and the purse strings well loosened.

The ladies of the M. E. church will hold a festival, afternoon and evening, on Memorial Day in the I. O. O. F. hall. As the proceeds are to be for the refurnishing of the parsonage we bespeak a good patronage and a wide open purse with all.

Last Thursday a severe electric and rain and hail storm passed over the upper end of the valley. During the storm George Fisher had two cows killed by lightning. He had just put them out to pasture for the summer at the Holter grounds.

Among those from a distance who attended the funeral of the late Mrs. Campbell on Tuesday were Hon. and Mrs. P. Gray Meek and Mr. and Mrs. Charles P. Cook, of Bellefonte; James Cummings and Dr. Marsden Campbell and Clay Henderson, of Reedsville.

That famous bird, the stork, was busy as well as liberal last week, leaving a nice little boy at the Elmer Rover home, making No. 7 of that happy family; also a dear little girl at the Nevin Meyers home, being the first born and making the parents correspondingly happy; also a chubby little boy at the George Barto home, and a cute little Miss at the Frank Davis home, whose name shall be Mary Magdalene, No. 17, and of which number twelve are living; also a nice baby boy at the Jasper Rishel home, which is No. 6 in that family.

Lemont.

Miss Eby, of Zion, is visiting Miss Rachael Hoy this week.

James Schreck made a business trip to Stormstown on Monday and Tuesday.

G. H. Evey opened his ice cream parlor on Saturday night.

Mrs. Mary Williams, of Philipsburg, is helping to take care of her mother, Mrs. Herman.

Mr. and Mrs. Weibly, of Linden Hall, visited at John R. Schenck's on Sunday.

Quite a number of our town folks mobilized to the County Capitol on Tuesday night.

Mrs. Angeline Bottorf is having her house treated to a coat of paint.

Miss Hazel Johnson, of Bellefonte, was visiting Misses Ethel and Ruth Evey on Sunday.

Mrs. Martin and daughter, of Pittsburgh, are visiting the former's sister, Mrs. Elmer Ross.

Mrs. Jacob Herman, Mrs. J. F. Mayes and Mrs. Margaret Williams are still on the sick list and are not improving very much, we regret to note.

A beautiful silk Geisha fan with each can of Pearl Tooth Powder this week—at Green's.

Olewine's Hardware Store.

THE PLACE FOR Quality Goods

Wyoming Dockash Ranges
Wire Fencing
Alaska Freezers
Leather & Canvas Belting
Extension Ladders
Step Ladders
Atlas Portland Cement
Crown Wall Plaster
Beaver Board
DuPont's Dynamite
Asphalt & Rubber Roofings
Everything in the Hardware line found at

Olewine's

SOMETHING FOR Every Farmer

Owing to the inclement weather on the day of my sale, and the delay in receiving my carload of machinery, I will sell for a short time, anything and everything in the line of

Farming Machinery

at the same prices as prevailed at my sale.

TERMS—Ten months time. 5 per cent. off for cash.

See my line before buying elsewhere.

L. H. MUSSER,
Bellefonte, - - - Penna.

IT PAYS

To care for the teeth—Have the children begin early—We keep a great many preparations for the teeth but the one of which we have sold hundreds of cans with satisfaction to our customers, is

"Rexall Pearl Tooth Powder"

This week Price 25c. (while they last) we are giving with each can, a beautiful "Silk Geisha Fan"—It's a beauty—See it in our Window—

To be found only at

GREEN'S PHCY. CO.

The *Rexall* Store

WILLIAM BURNSIDE

MINER and SHIPPER OF

SAND

FOR ALL PURPOSES

Building Sand,
Plaster Sand,
Concrete Sand,

SCOTIA SAND CO.

BENORE.

Centre County,
Commercial Phone. Penna.

F. R. Sweeps Minnesota.

Roosevelt was the victor over Taft in the presidential preference primaries in Minnesota last Saturday. Roosevelt won in 67 counties, to 9 counties carried by Taft.

Read "The Republican" \$1 a year in advance.

The Bellefonte

Ice Cream Cone Factory

is prepared to furnish at Wholesale & Retail



The Best Ice Cream Cones on the market

WRITE FOR PRICES.

H. F. ALTERS, Mgr.,
High St. Bellefonte, Pa.

Read "The Republican" \$1 a year.

FIRST IN BENEFITS TO POLICYHOLDERS

Maximum Dividends

Minimum Net Cost

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK

PAID POLICYHOLDERS IN 1911
\$57,353,756.13

APPORTIONED FOR DIVIDENDS IN 1912
\$15,146,685.72

Assets Jan. 1, 1912

Legal Liabilities

Reserve for Deferred

Dividends & Contingencies

\$500,217,774.64

86,912,488.41

\$587,130,263.05

\$587,130,263.05

AGENTS WANTED---Liberal contracts given to men who will devote all or part of their time writing life insurance. Assistance given in closing cases.

JOHN HUGHES BLACKMAN, Manager, } Mears Building,
J. C. HUGHES, Assistant Manager. } Scranton, Pa.

W. L. MALIN, District Manager,
Bellefonte, Pa.

The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, Home Office, 34 Nassau St., New York City, N. Y.

The Dragon's Tail

A Case Where Interference Was Not Wise

By CLARISSA MACKIE

"Once more I warn you, Deering. It's no joke to meddle in these Asiatic squabbles." Fleetman looked anxiously at his young friend. "Take my advice. You know that I've lived here twenty years, and I'm speaking from experience."

"I promised Lung I'd help him out," declared the other obstinately.

"Of course it's none of my business, but as long as you've told me something about it I can hazard a guess that you've got to put up some money."

"I can afford it. It's sport to me to dip into these things."

"That may be true. No doubt it looks like a sporting proposition to you, Paul, but remember this much, my lad, if you are successful you will be the only one to reap reward whether in enjoyment of the sport and adventure or financially. On the other hand, if you fail and fall into their hands—you will most certainly expect that your country will protect her citizens—your embroil the United States in your personal matters."

"No, I'll not," retorted Paul quickly. "I'll do this trick as a man without a country. If I fail, all right-o."

"Pigheaded obstinacy!" growled Fleetman. "I feel like a criminal in helping you thus far on your way, Paul. Take my advice and do not step on the dragon's tail."

Paul Deering laughed uneasily. "The dragon's tail is a good distance from his jaws, old man. There'll be time enough to run away before I'm snapped up."

"The dragon's tail is as powerful as his head, and it will toss you into the dragon's jaws. This is the last word, Paul. Will you give it up?"

"I'm sorry to say that I've gone too far—I can't be a piker!"

"Better be a live piker than a dead fool!" growled Fleetman rudely.

A red flush stained Deering's skin, but he said nothing. He had confided in Fleetman, and he was not sorry for it, although he might regret having entered into the negotiation at all. Paul was practically a newcomer in China. He was the son of a very rich man and he had plenty of money to spend. If he chose to spend it in helping a dissolute mandarin flee the country to escape punishment for a great crime it was nobody's business.

Paul had told Fleetman that he was to receive valuable concessions in return for the favor. The mandarin, Lung, possessed much land in his own province that was rich in copper ore, and it was this land that he was conceding to the rich young American in return for his help. Lung had been a revolutionist, but had betrayed his cause to the imperialist party. There was a price upon his sleek head, for the rebels wanted to punish him for his treachery.

From Paul's point of view, and he had only heard smatterings of the truth mixed with much falsehood from Lung's own lips, the mandarin had been badly used by both parties. Lung wanted to leave the country, but he could only do so in a disguise of some sort, and he could not rely upon any of his own people to help him out, for he had been a hard master when in power.

The upshot of the matter was that the impulsive young American had promised that Lung should accompany him back to the United States under guise of his personal servant. Paul had taken passage on a steamer which would sail two days later, and he had confided the plan to Fleetman under promise of strictest secrecy. Some one had to know in case anything did happen to Paul, and Fleetman seemed to think that the chances were good for something to happen to somebody in the matter.

"It's such a futile undertaking," he ended his protestations. "If it was going to benefit anybody to have that rascal got out of his own country I'd help you out on it or at least applaud your courage. But, by Jove, if any man ever deserved a good hanging it is that same Lung."

"I'm sorry, but I've promised," said Paul firmly, and so the subject was dropped for the time.

They sped up the Yangtze for a few miles and then turned down its swiftly flowing yellow stream and made for the mouth. There they could cross to the Huangpu and run up that little tidal river to Shanghai.

Little was said between the two men as the launch scudded back to Shanghai, but when they reached the jetty and Fleetman turned the craft over to the care of his Chinese boatman he referred once more to the matter.

"When are you going aboard the Java?"

"At dusk tomorrow," was Paul's reply.

"When does your man join you?"

"As soon after sunset as possible. I've already furnished him with the necessary clothing for disguising himself. He's been hiding in a half ruined temple up there and is starved almost to a skeleton. That in itself is a disguise, for he was a pretty sleek looking old customer before they got after him so I've been told."

"I'll see you tomorrow, Paul. I've

some cumshas (gifts) for your father, and mother. If you do get into any difficulty remember you can call upon me to the limit to help you out."

"Thank you, Fleetman. That remark makes me sorry I entered into the confounded business. I don't want to involve you in anything," Paul spoke with real regret.

"Never mind. As long as you've entered into it go slow, and if you do come a cropper I'll do what I can."

The next day was a busy one for Paul Deering. He had already purchased tickets for himself and servant, Van Sing, and completed the necessary formalities to get a native out of the country. If he could manage the rest of it with as much dispatch there was no doubt that the mandarin, Lung, would disappear from his native heath forever without leaving a clue to the manner of his departure.

But Paul Deering reckoned without his host. In other words, he had stepped on the dragon's tail, and the jaws of the monster were not far away—even as Fleetman had prophesied.

The day drew to a stormy close. It rained heavily, and darkness set in early. All this boded good the furtherance of Paul's scheme, although Lung might have a hard time of it rocking down the Yangtze in his frail sampan. Paul waited at Punderson's jetty for Lung's arrival. The slanting rain beat heavily on his rubber clothing, and a raw wind came out of the east and tried to discourage his waiting.

At last a small shadow took shape out of the dull grayness of the river, grew larger as it neared the jetty, something bumped softly against the steps. In a few minutes a tall, slight form loomed out of the gloom of the flight of steps, and the mandarin, Lung, stood before his deliverer. From a lamppost near by a stream of light fell on Lung's figure and displayed a disguise that was admirable, for the mandarin had so changed his appearance with various chalks and chemicals that few would have recognized in the melancholy, cadaverous checked Chinaman, garbed in a straw rain suit, the once fat and prosperous mandarin, Lung.

Paul hurried him to the tug which was puffing to and fro between the Java and the wharf in Shanghai, and they were soon speeding down the river to where the Java lay in the mouth of the stream.

Their arrival at night was timely. Paul took to his bed as a seafaring passenger, and his valet was in close attendance upon him for days.

As they neared the coast of America Paul recovered rapidly, and as he was actually sickening for fresh air and exercise he spent the remainder of the voyage on deck, while Lung kept out of the way as much as his duties would permit. Paul was glad they were nearly there. His responsibility for Lung's safety would be ended when they docked in San Francisco. He would be glad to have saved the life of one poor devil, but he decided not to try it again. There was something about Lung that aroused his antipathy. The more he saw of him the less he liked him.

He hoped that Lung's escape would not be discovered until after the Java docked. It would give the fellow a chance. He hardly thought it likely they would discover the escape of the mandarin from China, although they might suspect it later. Lung had been in hiding for months, and his appearance had greatly changed. Unless his enemies had held him under surveillance, even in his hiding place, knowing that they could pounce upon him any time they wanted him, he would not be missed from the country for a long while—until that country had been thoroughly combed.

The Java steamed through the Golden Gate before dawn and warped into her dock in a pale gray light. There were a few people gathered there on the wharf, but to the busy passengers on the great steamer they were a blur of unfamiliar faces and forms. The Java was several hours ahead of the expected time of her arrival.

"You are a stranger here. Can I do anything to help you?" asked Paul of his valet as they parted in the state-room.

Lung shook his head. He was very nervous, and his black, beady eyes darted suspiciously here and there as if seeking out hidden enemies. "I know where I go—a cousin meets me," he said in the laborious English that he had acquired from a missionary.

He expressed his thanks to his deliverer and said that he would have the copper lands transferred to him. Then he melted away from Paul's side with a flat soft felt hat pulled down over his face and his worldly goods tied in a big bundle in his hand. In the other hand his passport was tightly clutched.

Paul saw him again once, but he never forgot the scene. Just as Paul was leaving the gangplank he saw Lung's spare form ahead of him on the wharf. The mandarin was hesitating, perhaps looking for the cousin who would meet him there in the new country. As Paul looked and as Lung hesitated there was a rush of blue bloused Chinamen from behind a pile of casks on the dock. There came a scream of awful fear from Lung as they closed about him.

An instant later the blue clad Chinamen melted away before the coming of a policeman and several stevedores. They disappeared like rats in some invisible holes, but they left something behind on the dock.

Paul drew near and shuddered. The disguised mandarin, Lung, lay dead from a dozen knife thrusts. His escape from China had been in vain.

They had stepped on the dragon's tail in Asia, and its jaws had snapped on its victim in faraway America.

Waves and Surf.

Long and oscillatory waves run by gravity, the first agitating the water to nearly the same amount at all depths, while the chief disturbance due to the latter confines itself to the upper layers of the water. These oscillatory waves, the most typical example of which is perhaps furnished by the "swell," or regular rolling waves which continue to run in deep water after a storm, will break on a shelving shore when their height is about equal to the depth of water. When the depth is sufficient to allow the oscillations to proceed unimpeded no progressive motion takes place, each column being kept in its place by the pressure of surrounding columns. If, however, free oscillation is prevented, as by the interposition of a rock or by the shelving of the shore, the columns in the deep water are not balanced by those in the shallower, and thus they acquire a progressive motion and form "breakers." For this reason waves always break against the shore, whatever is the direction of the wind.

The Influence of Flowers.

Centuries ago great, elaborate books were written about flowers, and the kinds even then were many and some of the forms were marvelous. Worship and praise have centered about flowers and garlands rather than about the fruits that we eat. This marks them to have been considered as of the higher things. All holy and great occasions need them if the occasions are complete. Not a soul but responds to blossoms even though he knows it not. No soul passes a lily in blow, an apple orchard in May, a clover field swept with red or a good garden lying at his feet, but that some mere reflection of it enters into his mind and lodges itself in some nexus of the brain. It would be difficult for any man to imagine a flowerless world, and if he conjured it in his dream he would find himself sitting in some oasis of greenery and bloom.—Flower Magazine.

No Parallels in Nature.

The wise men say there are no parallels in nature, that no one thing in the wide universe exactly mates and matches any other one thing, that each cloud has differed from every other cloud form in any hour of the day and night or day or yesterday, and so on back through the forgotten centuries, and no two leaves in form, color or texture lift the same faces to the sun on any day of the millions of years; that no wave on any beach curves and falls as any wave has curved and fallen before, not since this planet cooled. And so it is with the whirling and crystals of driving snow, with the sand and splash of rain and so, too, with the flight of birds, the dash and tumble of the restless brook and the roar of lawless thunder and the cry of birds.—F. Hopkinson Smith.

An Expensive Luxury.

Richard Harding Davis, who knows South America intimately, told at a luncheon at the Philadelphia club a South American story.

"The Florida in Buenos Aires," he said, "is very elegant and charming, but in the past the young men were too prone to accost the beautiful women shopping and promenading there. Accordingly a law was passed which imposed a fine of \$5 on any one who should dare to accost or annoy in the slightest degree any lady in Buenos Aires."

Mr. Davis paused. "Since the passage of that law," he said solemnly, "the Florida has become quite safe, but when a beautiful woman walks in it the young men hover near her, murmuring in low and ardent tones, 'I wish I had \$50.'"

A Happy Paraphrase.

The retort courteous in the paraphrase ingenious has seldom had better illustration than in the story that after the signing of the treaty of Berlin Herr von Kiderlen-Waechter presented M. Jules Cambon, with whom he had negotiated the treaty, a photograph bearing the inscription, "To my amiable friend and terrible enemy." To which M. Cambon responded by presenting his photograph inscribed, "To my terrible friend and amiable enemy."

Not the Right Kind.

A young bachelor who was beset by a sewing machine agent told the latter that his machine would not answer his purpose.

"Why," said the agent, with voluble praise, "it is the best on the market in every respect."

"That may be," replied the supposed customer, "but the sewing machine I am looking for must have flaxen hair and blue eyes."—New York Journal.

Might Do Worse.

"What's the trouble, old man? You look worried."

"I am. My son wants to start a chicken farm."

"Oh, well, try to throw it off! He might be wanting to buy or sell stuff on margins."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Improving.

"She went crazy over bridge."

"Sad, very sad!"

"Oh, no great harm done. Her family placed her in a fashionable sanitarium, and she's playing a better game than ever now."—Washington Herald.

Hard to Choose.

Walker Hike—De lady gimme a piece of angel cake and a pair of shoes. Toddle Awn—Which are yer going to eat.—Chicago News.

Instead of "wishing" for a million dollars to give a friend give him the \$5 you have.—Howe's Monthly.

Blue Balloons.

In case you ever feel tempted to buy a balloon don't buy a blue one. Red ones are the best. There is a scientific reason why. According to the researches of M. Reynaud, caoutchouc is strongly attracted by the ultra violet rays from the mercury vapor lamp with a quartz tube, which is a powerful source of such rays. This fact has a practical bearing in connection with balloons envelopes, which are treated with caoutchouc. Aeronauts are familiar with the discovery that the envelopes suffer during ascensions, and this is explained by the greater effect of ultra violet rays at high altitudes. Experiment had already led to using yellow coloring matter on the envelopes, and red balloons are sometimes seen, but never blue or violet. M. Reynaud considers that red is the best color to use, as it not only absorbs the ultra violet rays, but also the blue rays, and these last are likely to share in the bad action of the sun's rays upon balloons.—New York World.

Rock Salt Discovered by Accident.

The great rock salt deposits of Louisiana were discovered by accident in May, 1862. Salt was very scarce at that time, and the proprietor of the Island's salt works, John Marsh Avery, determined to profit by it. With this end in view he commenced to deepen his wells. One negro workman, after going down sixteen feet, came to Mr. Avery with the news that he had struck a sunken log, and could proceed no further. Mr. Avery investigated and found, not a log, but the great rock salt deposit that has made Louisiana famous throughout the country. The discovery did not come altogether as a surprise, as Thomassy had predicted that a great rock salt deposit would one day be discovered in each of the five Gulf islands, and perhaps in other portions of the state. Since the close of the war, rock salt has been an important contributing factor in the mineral wealth of the state.—National Magazine.

The Wagon Wheel Paradox.

A very interesting paradox is the one concerning an ordinary wagon wheel, which is solid and rigid, yet, when fastened on its axle on a wagon, when the wagon moves part of the circumference of the wheel which is in contact with the ground is for an instant at absolute rest, while the point directly perpendicular to it is flying along at a high rate of speed. The two points horizontal with the center of the wheel are traveling pretty fast, but only half as fast as the topmost point, and as the up going horizontal point increases in speed the down going one slows up until it is at rest for a moment when in contact with the ground. Yet the wheel is one solid piece and there are only two points going at the same rate of speed at the same time. Yet if the wheel is taken off the axle and rolled down an incline every point of the circumference moves at the same rate of speed.

He's Still Running.

A gentleman in a Manchester restaurant the other day thought he would have a joke with the waiter and asked him if he had ever seen a sausage roll. "Say," said the waiter, "I have not only seen a sausage roll, but I have seen a biscuit box, a table spoon, a chimney sweep, a chain link, a nose gay, a camera slide, a garden fence, a sword fish, a wall flower." But when he got to a "fire escape," the gentleman thought it was high time for him to escape too.

As he went the waiter went with him, saying, "A trap turn, a cake walk, a mountain climb, a sky lark, a honey comb, a half crown." But by this time the gentleman was half way down the street in a dazed condition.—London Ideas.

Marriage.

"Don't sneer at the Chinese literature and the ancient Chinese literature." The speaker was the Chinese consul general in San Francisco. He continued:

"Our ancient Chinese literature is wise. Take, for example, one of its epigrams on marriage. Could anything be wiser than this:

"Marriage is like a besieged city—those without all want to get in, and those within all want to get out."

A Mean Insinuation.

It was at one of the famous "frolics" given by the Lambs. Mr. Charles Frohman had made an extremely neat and appropriate speech. There was loud applause at its finish, and then, "Author, author!" cried Mr. Augustus Thomas, standing up on his chair.

Money.

Bacon—Money will do almost anything. Egbert—It won't take a blot from your escutcheon.

"Perhaps not, but it will buy a lot more escutcheons."—Yonkers Statesman.

One Was Enough.

Hub—You say I've only one fault. Well, if that's all, I can't be such a bad husband. Wife—William, a quarter with a hole in it has only one fault, but what use is it?—Boston Transcript.

Repression and Suppression.

Maud—Jack Rawkins sang up at our house last night. Alice—Did he let himself out? Maud—No; father showed him the door quick.—Boston Transcript.

A Game Loser.

"He's a game loser, isn't he?" "I should say he is! He doesn't seem to care what his wife and children have to go without."—Detroit Free Press.

BELLEFONTE
TUESDAY

MAY 28

PRAIRIE LILLIES AND NEBRASKA BILL'S REAL WILD WESTS COMBINED



400-PEOPLE and HORSES-400

The Real Rough Riders of the World

LIFE ON
THE PLAINS

More than a century ago. Vivid pictures of distinctive scenes and events.

DARING MEN

of many nations in astonishing Equestrian Feats and Reckless Displays of Saddle Expertness.



REAL
RED MEN

Of the Plains in War Paint. Cowboys, Cossacks, Mexicans, Bedouin Arabs.

WILD WEST GIRLS
rivaling Cowboys in Equestrian Feats. Military Maneuvers by Artillery and Cavalry.

A CONTINUOUS SUCCESSION OF STARTLING SURPRISES

2 EXHIBITIONS DAILY AT 2 AND 8 P. M. RAIN OR SHINE.

Grand Free Street Parade at 10 A. M. Show Day

LAMP—200 hours of light for 1 cent. Makes and burns its own gas from kerosene oil, which is vaporized by a glass bulb burner. Scientific wonder of the world. Lamps used where people have electric lights. Makes it possible to sell to every household. Lamp made entirely of brass. Riches awaiting you. Rush \$1.50. Complete lamp will be sent, charges paid. We guarantee lamp as above stated or your money returned. Town country and state agents wanted. Lamp a whirlwind seller. Pat. U. S. A. foreign countries. NEW PROCESS MFG. CO., 2 Lamp Room, Salina, Kas.

Perfectly Clear.

A Cleveland schoolteacher writes that she asked her class what was the difference between the expressions "a while" and "a time." Nobody seemed to have any ideas on the subject. Finally the light of intelligence was seen to shine in the eyes of one little boy, and the teacher called upon him to save the intellectual honor of the class.

"I know, teacher!" he cried eagerly. "When papa says he's going out for a while mamma says she knows he's going out for a time!" That's one way of looking at it.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Are You Happy?

If you are it is safe to say that you enjoy good health, as it is impossible to be happy unless you are well. Noted physicians will tell you that bad stomachs and torpid livers are the cause of 95 per cent of all diseases.

For the past 42 years SEVEN BARKS has proved to be the unequalled remedy for all STOMACH, LIVER and KIDNEY troubles, and the greatest tonic and blood purifier known. It makes your digestion what it should be and keeps your entire system in good condition. Price of SEVEN BARKS is but 50 cents a bottle at all druggists. Money refunded if not satisfied. Address: LYMAN BROWN, 68 Murray St., New York, N.Y.

We want county representatives to take exclusive sale of the greatest disinfectant ever known; secure a county and a business that pays handsomely. Radium Spray Co., Curr Ridge, Pittsburgh.

DR. WILLIAMS, Chiroprapist. Let him cure your Corns, Bunions and Ingrowing Nails. Don't suffer any more, because he will cure you. at 823 3rd Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR BACKACHE KIDNEY AND BLADDER

Certainly You Want the
Best Insurance

You can get for the money. Then

John F. Gray & Son

for Fire, Accident, Health,
Steam Boiler, Employ-
ers Liability and Plate
Glass Insurance.

OFFICE

Crider's Stone Bl'dg

High Street,
BELLEFONTE, PA.

CHICHESTER'S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND. Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chichester's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold wrapper. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHICHESTER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best. Sold Everywhere. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

RHEUMATISM
PROMPTLY RELIEVED BY
THE ENGLISH REMEDY
DR. F. J. B. PAIN'S PILLS
SAFE & EFFECTIVE. 50c a bottle. DRUGGISTS. 100 N. 11TH ST. BROOKLYN, N.Y.

Charles Wright, 1512 French St., Wilmington, Del., recovered from a severe attack of rheumatism caused by rheumatism and says: "The rheumatic pains kept me awake at night but after taking Foley Kidney Pills the pain lessened and soon I was able to sleep all night, and I am cured of all kidney trouble." Sold by C. M. Parrish.

Farmers--Lime and Lime

Don't be a back number, make your ground produce. The use of LIME will do it. All successful farmers use

HYDRATE (H. O.) LIME.

We are the largest manufacturers of LIME in the State of Pennsylvania. Prompt shipment by any railroad.

Works at Bellefonte, Frankstown, Spring Meadows, Tyrone Forge, and Union Station.

American Lime & Stone Company.

Write for Literature on Lime.

Office:—TYRONE, PA.

An Ordinance.
Granting the Milesburg Electric Company, its successors, lessees and assigns, the right to construct, operate and maintain poles, wires, cables and fixtures, together with the necessary supports upon, over, along and under the streets, highways, foot-walks, lanes and alleys of the Borough of Milesburg, Centre County, Pennsylvania.

BE IT ORDAINED AND ENACTED by the Council of the Borough of Milesburg, County of Centre and State of Pennsylvania, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same:

SECTION 1. That the privileges be and is hereby granted in perpetuity to the Milesburg Electric Company, its successors, lessees and assigns, to construct, operate and maintain the necessary poles, wires, cables, conduits and fixtures, together with the necessary supports upon, over, along and under the streets, highways, foot-walks, lanes and alleys of said Borough as may be necessary for the purpose of constructing, operating and maintaining its lines through the said Borough and the places of business, works, manufacturing establishments, offices and houses of subscribers within the Borough limits adjacent thereto, subject to the conditions and regulations hereinafter contained.

SECTION 2. That the said Milesburg Electric Company shall reduce the streets, highways, foot-walks, lanes and alleys of said Borough upon which it may place any of its poles, conduits, lines or fixtures as aforesaid, in as good condition as they were before said poles and fixtures were erected thereon, and further, that all poles shall be erected so far as possible in the most convenient places, and the location of said poles and conduits shall be made under the direction and supervision of the Street Committee of the Council of the Borough aforesaid.

SECTION 3. That all poles erected under the provisions of this ordinance shall be reasonably straight, painted and kept painted, and that no cross-arms for the suspension of wires or cables shall be placed at a less distance than twenty feet from the grade of the street, unless by permission of said Council.

SECTION 4. The said Milesburg Electric Company shall pay to the Borough of Milesburg, and the said Borough shall have the privilege of charging to the poles of the said Milesburg Electric Company.

SECTION 5. The said Milesburg Electric Company shall commence work within one (1) year and complete the erection of their plant in the Borough of Milesburg within two (2) years from the date of this ordinance, otherwise this ordinance becomes null and void and of no effect.

SECTION 6. The said Milesburg Electric Company shall be liable for all damages by reason of erecting, operating and maintaining its plant in the Borough of Milesburg, Pennsylvania.

SECTION 7. The said Milesburg Electric Company shall be governed by all legal ordinances of a general nature now in force or that may hereafter be enacted.

SECTION 8. The said Milesburg Electric Company shall, within thirty days after the passage and approval of this ordinance, file with the Secretary of Council its certificate of acceptance of all the terms, conditions and provisions of this ordinance, and that the said Company shall pay the expenses incident to the passage and publication thereof.

SECTION 9. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the provisions of this ordinance be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same conflicts with this ordinance.

ORDAINED AND ENACTED into a law this Twenty-second day of April A. D. 1912.

(SEAL)
L. T. EDDY, Secy. of Council.

APPROVED this 22nd day of April A. D. 1912.

TONER A. HUGG, Burgess.

Milesburg, Pa., April 23, 1912.

I hereby certify the foregoing to be a true and correct copy of an ordinance passed by the Council of the Borough of Milesburg, Centre County, Pennsylvania, on April 22nd A. D. 1912, and approved by the Burgess of the said Borough on April 22nd A. D. 1912, granting the Milesburg Electric Company certain rights and privileges in the said Borough.

L. T. EDDY, Secretary of Council.

Notice of Application For Charter.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of the State of Pennsylvania on Thursday, May 16th, 1912, by George H. Leathers, A. C. Leathers, J. T. Leathers, and Fred Leathers under the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, approved April 26th, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the incorporation of an intended corporation, to be called "The George H. Leathers, and Sons, Farm Corporation," the character and object of which is to maintain a cattle and dairy farm for general dairying and for these purposes to have possession and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of said Act of Assembly and its supplements.

J. K. JOHNSTON, Solicitor.

Notice of Application For Charter.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of the State of Pennsylvania on Thursday, May 16th, 1912, by George H. Leathers, A. C. Leathers, J. T. Leathers, and Fred Leathers under the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, approved April 26th, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the incorporation of an intended corporation, to be called "The Bald Eagle Stock Farm," the character and object of which is breeding, buying, selling, trading, and dealing in livestock, and for these purposes to have possession and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of said Act of Assembly and its supplements.

J. K. JOHNSTON, Solicitor.

Executor's Notice.

In Estate of Elizabeth J. Davis, late of Harris Township, Centre County, Pennsylvania, deceased.

Letters testamentary in the above named estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay, to Harry Keller, Executor.

ANNIE E. NOLL, Executrix.

Harry Keller, Attorney.

Linden Hall, Pa.

Frogs for Breeding.

The experimental work of the State in the cultivation of frogs for distribution for general propagation purposes throughout the State has been completed and Fisheries Department announced that it has been so successful that a supply of frogs would be ready for sending out in July.

The frog work has been under way in several of the hatcheries for months and Commissioner Buller is highly pleased with the results. The frogs will be distributed after formal application has been made on blanks furnished by the department. These blanks may be had for the asking, but Commissioner Buller wants assurances that the distribution will be followed up by persons obtaining the frogs.

The department will also put out a large supply of yellow perch in July.

Ladies Make \$3.00 to \$5.00 Daily.

We want a Live Representative in every town to introduce our complete line of spring and summer Suitings, Waistings, Silks, Petticoats, Handkerchiefs, Corsets and Hosiery. We furnish exclusive patterns, attractive samples, and give exclusive territory to active representatives, and furnish a very elaborate sample outfit free; extending credit to those furnishing satisfactory references. For full particulars, address MUTUAL FABRIC CO., Dept. 25, Binghamton, N. Y.

The Two Sisters

A Story of the Reign of Terror In France

By F. A. MITCHEL

"For heaven's sake, hide me!"

A young man fleeing from the mob during the reign of terror at the time of the French revolution ran into a house where there were several girls, who stood horror-stricken at his wild appearance, for they knew well that it meant death by the guillotine if he were caught. The youngest of the girls, but seventeen years old, showed the greatest coolness of all. Taking the young man by the arm, she ran with him upstairs and shoved him into a room, saying:

"You'll find plenty of girls' clothes in the closet. Put them on and hide your own."

She shut the door, and when the pursuing party entered the house she was quietly descending the stairs. A dozen or more persons of the lowest class, armed with all sorts of weapons, from a carving knife to a flintlock musket and with blood in their eyes, came pouring in, demanding the aristocrat who had taken refuge there.

"Ah, messieurs," said the girl descending the staircase, "I fear you are too late. The villain came in here a few moments ago and ran down into the cellar. But I expect he has gone out by a back door. If you don't find him below run quickly along the passage, and I think you will catch him."

While she was giving this false information the pursuers were descending into the cellar and running out through the passageway. But within a few minutes some of them returned and insisted on searching the house. Louise Pellier, who had thus far kept them from the fugitive, leaving her sisters to talk with the revolutionists, ran up a back staircase to the room in which she had left him. She found him half-dressed in woman's clothes and hastily helped him to complete his toilet. Nineteen years old, he had not a sign of a beard, and his features were of the cameo type, delicate and refined. He made up as a girl remarkably well.

Hearing the heavy tread of the searchers on the staircase, Louise again exercised her wits for another scheme to throw them off again. "When they enter here," she said to the young man, "lean out of the window and say: 'There he goes! An aristocrat! Stop him! Then, throwing one of those white kerchiefs worn by women at that time over his shoulders to complete his toilet, she went to the door and threw it open, facing the crowd. At the same moment the fugitive began to cry out as he had been instructed.

There was a rush for the window, but the young man kept his face outward that it might not be seen by any of his pursuers who would recognize him. All struggled to see, and he could not have well turned to them, even if he desired to do so. Finally he cried, "He's gone behind the shed." By this time most of his pursuers had started on the new trail indicated by him, but one or two were left in the house, and they thought best to do some searching where they were. When they had made a superficial examination they went on after the others. Then the young man, seizing the hand of the girl who had saved him, was about to press it to his lips when the door opened and one of the searchers came back to ask some questions as to the probable route the fugitive had taken. The hunted youth fortunately had dropped Louise's hand and straightened up before the man stepped inside.

"Are you all sisters?" asked the newcomer after having interrogated the young ladies.

"All of us," was the reply.

"I don't doubt it. There is a strong family resemblance between you, especially you two," designating Louise and the fugitive. With that he went away, and they were not disturbed again.

"And now, monsieur," said the oldest sister to the youth, "may I inquire who you are?"

The young man put his finger to his lips and, casting a quick glance about him, said in a low tone:

"Since yesterday, when my father died on the guillotine, I am the Marquis de Lavalette."

There was an awed silence for a few moments, when the oldest sister asked, "What do you propose to do?"

"Make Belgium if possible."

"Then," said Louise, "I would advise you to travel in your present disguise. In that costume no one would ever take you for a man."

"Mademoiselle," said the marquis, "I live by your kindness and ingenuity. The man who has just left us said that there was a family resemblance between us. Travel with me as my sister, giving me the benefit of your remarkable quick inventive power, and I shall be saved. Without it I have but little hope of making my way from this hell's enclosure. The sight of my father torn away from me to be dragged to the guillotine has unmanned me. I have not the nerve to turn aside the dangers I shall meet on the way."

"Monsieur," said the elder woman reproachfully, "what do you ask—that

my sister should travel with you? I am astonished. You know that this would cast a stigma upon her from which she would never recover."

"Mademoiselle," replied the marquis, "my life belongs to your sister since without her efforts I would now be dragged back to prison and later to the guillotine. If she will go first with me to a priest and then assist me with her wit beyond the border I promise to devote my future life to her, if indeed she succeeds in saving it."

All looked to Louise to hear her reply. When it came she spoke in no uncertain tones:

"I will go with you as your sister."

"Louise!" exclaimed the other girls in horror.

"I know myself," said Louise, "and am responsible only to myself and to my God. Tonight we will set out."

"I cannot permit you to be injured in the sight of the world," the marquis protested. "I beg of you to consent to first visit a priest."

"No," said Louise firmly. "I will not take a husband who would marry me for the purpose of saving his life."

She was immovable. Neither her sisters nor the young marquis were able to persuade her.

"Then," said the latter, "if I live to cross the border I will renew my proposal."

"That will not remove the stain before the world, but for the world I care not. Come, let us lay our plans."

The Marquis de Lavalette having desired to see his father in prison, had visited him there disguised as a servant. He was with his father when the latter was taken away to the guillotine.

By the son's paroxysms of grief it was suspected that he was more than a servant to the man about to be executed. As he was moving away from the prison insensible to all but grief some one beside him said sharply, "Run for your life." Casting a glance backward, he knew that he was pursued. In his flight, seeing a door open, he had entered and begged those he found there to hide him.

That night, with nothing except the clothes they had on and some money in their pockets, the "two sisters" left the house, turned into a street running northward and crossed the Place de la Revolution, now the Place de la Concorde. In its center, where the Egyptian obelisk now stands, stood the guillotine, and Louise felt the marquis hand tremble on her arm as he glanced toward it. Passing over the Seine, they hailed a cab—the first they had met—and ordered the coachman to drive them to the barrier. There they were inspected, but since there seemed to be no reason for detaining them they were permitted to go through. Then the "sisters" offered the coachman a goodly sum to drive them to Chantilly. It was late, but the cabman was tempted and consented.

They reached Chantilly in the morning, and since it was on a direct line between Paris and the Belgian line—the nearest route by which the emigres could flee to a foreign country—they felt that they were objects of suspicion.

There were interrogated by an agent of the revolutionary committee, but Louise, who was an excellent actress, whose resources were unlimited and whose nerve nothing could shake, declared with tears in her eyes that their mother was dying in St. Quentin and they were trying to reach her to receive her blessing before she died.

So they were permitted to hire another conveyance, which took them to St. Quentin. Before entering the town, which they reached late in the afternoon, Louise, thinking it best not to submit themselves to another such scrutiny as they had been subjected to at Chantilly, fearing also that some one might be spying upon them to learn if the dying mother story were true, decided that they would better leave their carriage and steal around the town without entering it. So they called a halt, paid for the use of the vehicle and trudged on afoot.

Reaching a peasant's hut just after nightfall, Louise knocked at the door and told a pitiful story of having walked out from St. Quentin to hunt for flowers and got lost, asking food and lodging for the night. There was but one room, so the marquis, feigning to be cold, insisted on sleeping by the great open fire which blazed merrily.

The next day but twenty miles remained to the nearest point of the Franco-Belgian line, and the fugitives resolved to make it, getting a lift from some conveyance going the same way when possible. They walked more than half the distance and crossed the line at an unfrequented point, exhausted, but greatly relieved. The moment they were assured that they were on Belgian territory both knelt and gave thanks for their safety.

"And now," said the marquis, "I renew the offer I made in Paris, not as an offer, but as a prayer—that I may devote the life which belongs to you to your service."

"I am one of the people," replied the girl. "You are noble."

"My nobility is gone. I shall never claim it. I shall go to America, to New Orleans, where so many of my friends have gone, leaving my title behind me. Come with me, I beseech you, that I may repay what I owe you with a lifetime of love and gratitude."

There is a house still standing at Carrollton, a short distance above New Orleans, where lived the marquis and his wife, though not as nobles. When Louis XVIII. was restored to the throne of France he invited them to return, but neither the husband nor the wife had any desire to do so. They died in the Crescent City beloved and respected by all who knew them and leaving a large number of children and grandchildren. The marquis kept his word as to his title and never used it.

The oil that gives the steady, bright, white light. Triple refined from Pennsylvania Crude Oil. Costs little more than inferior tank-wagon oils.

Little higher in cost, but much higher in quality.

Ingenious Old Jars.

From time to time fresh illustrations are afforded as to the ancients' ingenuity, with special reference to what are termed the "lost arts."

Recently it has been shown that the old Peruvians must have understood the laws of atmospheric pressure in order to construct the curious jars and vases they left. One of these pieces of pottery was ornamented with the figures of two monkeys, and when water was poured into or out of the vessel sounds like the screeching of monkeys were heard. Another similar vessel had the figure of a bird that uttered appropriate notes; another was ornamented with a cat that mewed and another with snakes that hissed. An ingenious water jar bore the form of an aged woman on whose cheeks tears were seen to trickle, while sobs were heard when water was poured from the jar.—New York Tribune.

Famous Venetian Palace.

Vendramin is not only one of the most beautiful residences on the canal in Venice, but it is closely associated with the history of the city of the doges. It was built in 1441. German princes occupied it at first. Then it passed into the possession of the Duke of Mantua, who purchased it for 50,000 ducats of gold. It was the scene of great social events under the Archduke Charles Ferdinand of Austria and his wife, Anne de' Medici, in 1652, and through them the palace came into the possession of the present owners through marriage. It was here that Richard Wagner died in 1883. The desk at which he wrote "Tristan and Isolde" is carefully preserved. Some years ago a plaque was affixed to the palace showing its connection with the great composer.—London Globe.

A Surprise.

Rector (on his way to church, meeting a gamekeeper)—Come, my good fellow, how is it I never see you at church? Gamekeeper—Well, sir, I don't wish to make your congregation smaller. Rector (quizzed)—I don't see how you could. Gamekeeper—Well, sir, you see, if I came to church the rest of the parish would go poaching.—London Telegraph.

A Matter of Change.

"What a change a woman can make in a man's life!" stated the very young man.

"Right you are, my boy," sighed the scanty haired man who had been up against the matrimonial game for many years, "and what a lot of change she requires while doing it!"

A Time Limit.

"I think I'll go and get a drink now."

"Oh, darling, you know you swore off for a year!"

"Yes, but two years elapse between this act and the next."—London Tatler.

Second only to sunlight. Never flickers. No smoke, no soot, no odor. Your dealer has Family Favorite Oil in barrels shipped direct from our refineries. Get it from him. Waverly Oil Works Co. Independent Refiners PITTSBURGH, PA. Also makers of Waverly Special Auto Oil and Waverly Gasolines. 200 Page Book—FREE tells all about oil.

Michael Powers a member of the Major Dandy Post 843 Perth Amboy, N. J. would like old comrades to know of the help Foley Kidney Pills were to him. He had terrible pains in his back and other painful and annoying symptoms of kidney trouble and says: "Foley Kidney Pills have cured me in a remarkably short time." Write for particulars. Sold by C. M. Parrish.

EDW. K. RHOADS

At his yard opposite the P. R. R. Passenger Station, sells only,

BEST QUALITIES

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ANTHRACITE and BITUMINOUS

COALS

Also All Kinds of

Wood, Grain, Hay, Straw

and Sand.

Superior Screenings for Lime Burning. Builders and Plasterers' Sand.

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Is carrying a sufficient amount to really protect your property for after a fire one can only accept the result.

Better see to it that you are fully insured and in a company celebrated for prompt payment of losses; a good reliable company the only kind represented by us.

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Harry E. Fenlon

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Concrete Sidewalks

Greatly add to the appearance and enhance the value of a property.

Our practical experience enables us to give you first-class work in this line.

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Practice in all the courts, and collection promptly attended to. Office, Eagle Block, Bellefonte, Pa.

Central R. R. of Penna. Train Schedule.

Leave, Bellefonte for Mill Hall, 7:05 A. M., 2:20 and 6:45 P. M.

Leave, Mill Hall for Bellefonte, 8:37 A. M., 3:56 and 8:35 P. M.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.

On and after Monday, Jan. 23rd, 1909, trains will run as follows from the P. R. R. station.

TRAINS TO STATE COLLEGE.

WESTWARD.

Lv. Bellefonte 6:30

Coleville 6:35

Morris 6:40

Stevens 6:45

Hunters Park 6:50

Pine Grove Mills 6:55

Waddies 7:00

Krumrine 7:05

State College 7:10

Strubbs 7:15

Bloomfield 7:20

Pine Grove Mills 7:25

* Daily, † Daily except Sunday, ‡ Stop 200

TRAINS FROM STATE COLLEGE.

EASTWARD.

Lv. Pine Grove Mills 7:30

Bloomfield 7:35

Strubbs 7:40

State College 7:45

Krumrine 7:50

Waddies 7:55

Briarley 8:00

Hunters Park 8:05

Stevens 8:10

Morris 8:15

Coleville 8:20

Bellefonte 8:25

Morning trains from Montandon, Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with trains No. 3 and 5 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon, Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 5 for State College. Trains from State College connect with P. R. R. trains at Bellefonte to points east and west.

F. H. THOMAS, Supt.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOR BACKACHE, KIDNEY, AND BLADDER

OVER 65 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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FOLEY'S ORINO LAXATIVE

FOR STOMACH TROUBLE AND CONSTIPATION

Here and There.

Want a good cigar? Try Green's.

Mrs. T. M. Barnhart visited over Sunday with friends at Waddie.

Mitchell I. Gardner was a business visitor to Philipsburg on Friday of last week.

Kline Zimmerman, of Hecla, transacted business in town between trains on Monday.

Miss Helen M. Valentine is visiting Mrs. Margaret Burnet Burlingame, at Syracuse, N. Y.

County Commissioner A. L. Merrill, of Lock Haven, transacted business in Bellefonte on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank McFarland, of Roalsburg, spent Monday at the Hastings home, on Allegheny Street.

Miss Bertha Henderson, of State College, was a guest on Saturday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Dorsey Hunter.

Friends of Mrs. Elmer Davis gave a birthday anniversary party in her honor on Monday night, at her home on East Linn Street.

Harry Garber was an arrival in Bellefonte several days ago and is visiting with Mrs. Garber at the Bush home on Spring Street.

Mr. and Mrs. William Scholl, who now make their home in Scranton, are rejoicing over the arrival last Sunday of a 9-pounds girl baby.

The Bush House lobby is this week undergoing extensive repairs. The remodeling includes a fresh coat of paint on the walls and ceiling.

Mr. and Mrs. Allen S. Garman, of Tyrone, arrived in Bellefonte on Sunday for a little visit with the former's sister, Mrs. Rebie Garman Cruise.

As a result of a change in plans, the street parade tomorrow of the Academy minstrels will be held at 5 o'clock in the afternoon, instead of at one o'clock.

Enamelled stoves that are guaranteed to never burn off. No blacking to soil your hands. Simply wash like any cooking utensil—Miller's Hardware Store, Bellefonte, Pa.

Regular taxi-cab service to and from all trains has been established by the Big Spring Garage. The rate per trip is 25c, with prompt service guaranteed. Also automobiles to hire by the day or week. Both telephones. 4-25-31.

The Woman's Auxiliary will have cakes, pies, candy, etc., for sale at the Y. M. C. A. building on Saturday of next week, May 25th, at 2 o'clock P. M. Contributions will be thankfully received and customers will be welcomed.

Mrs. D. H. Hastings and daughter, Miss Sarah, returned on Sunday to Bellefonte, after their trip abroad, and have reopened their home on Allegheny Street. The health of Miss Sarah, which gave her mother no little concern while abroad, is greatly improved.

We clip the following from the Mt. Clemens, Michigan, Daily Leader: "J. Linn Harris, of Bellefonte, Pa., is a guest at the Sherman, here for the baths. He has enjoyed the Mount Clemens mineral waters several times before."

Eugene Mutchman, some years ago located in Bellefonte with the Standard Scale Company, but now in Pittsburg, was a business visitor in town on Tuesday. Former school girl friends will learn with interest that Miss Anna Mutchman will be married today to Oscar Schaffnit, of Pittsburg.

Last Thursday the Bellefonte Academy trustees met in the office of General Beaver and elected Isaac Mitchell, Charles M. McCurdy and John Cartin, the vacancies occasioned by those who have died within the last two years. Andrew J. Cook was elected president of the board.

The condition of the venerable Daniel Heckman shows little if any change since he was stricken with paralysis on Wednesday morning of last week. On Saturday his twin brother, Elias Heckman, of Orangeville, Illinois, arrived in Bellefonte. The two brothers are built on lines which are in striking contrast. Daniel is of slight build and not very tall, whereas Elias tips the scales at 215 pounds.

Don't forget the Academy minstrels tomorrow and Saturday nights in Garman's Opera House. Big minstrel street parade at one o'clock in the afternoon. Both evening performances will be chiefly musical. Keep your eye open for the features introduced by the members of the Bellefonte Dramatic Company. There will be something doing.

Our genial friend, Jason Underwood, of near Unionville, was a business visitor in Bellefonte on Tuesday and favored "The Republican" office with a little call, partly business and partly social. Mr. Underwood is deeply interested in the drift of the campaign for the Republican presidential nomination. Like some more of us he wishes he might be in Chicago to see the national convention next month.

Rev. Dr. G. E. Hawes, pastor of the Bellefonte Presbyterian church, and Rev. O. M. Jones, pastor of the Tyrone Presbyterian church, will exchange pulpits on Sunday next, the assignment having been made at the last meeting of the Presbytery. On Sunday morning, in the Bellefonte Presbyterian church, Mr. Jones will preach on "The Winsomeness of God's Presence," and in the evening his subject will be, "The Two Adams."

The Bellefonte High School baseball club won out, 5-4, over the Lock Haven High School, on Hughes field, on Saturday. It required eleven innings to settle things, the wind-up proving to be sufficiently exciting to please the spectators. When the Bellefonte boys went to bat in the last half of the eleventh the Lock Haven boys were one run to the good, 4-3. Bellefonte got two men on bases, and then Hafer laced out a hard one, bringing in the winning runs.

An examination for entrance to the Bellefonte High School, or the Grades, will be held in the New High School building, Friday May 24th, beginning at 9.15 in the morning. Only those who are reasonably certain that they can satisfy entrance requirements are urged to present themselves for this examination. While it is the policy of the Bellefonte School Board to extend its facilities, freely, to neighboring districts, every effort will be made to safe-guard the interests of the borough as well as the district. Jonas E. Wagner, Principal.

Second-hand ranges for sale at Miller's Hardware Store, Bellefonte, Pa.

Have you tried "Liggett's Orangeade?" Its a great, summer beverage. 5c at Green's.

Mr. and Mrs. James A. Decker, of Pine Grove Mills, were very genial visitors in town on Tuesday.

Mrs. F. H. Thomas entertained on Tuesday evening at her home on East Linn Street.

Squire and Mrs. W. H. Musser were visitors over Sunday among old home scenes in and about Pine Grove Mills.

Harry L. Hutchinson, Pennsylvania Railroad ticket agent at Bellefonte, was a business visitor to Philadelphia last week.

Quite a number of persons from Bellefonte went up to State College last Saturday to see the Notre Dame State baseball game. State lost, 1-6.

The State College baseball club passed through Bellefonte on Monday, enroute to Ithaca, N. Y.; Burlington, Vermont; Worcester, Mass., and West Point, N. Y.

Watch for the big Academy minstrels parade tomorrow afternoon at 5 o'clock. Keep in mind the fact that the hour for the parade has been changed from 1 to 5 o'clock.

Stoves and ranges of all descriptions polished tops, nickel bases, nickel high shelf, nickel hearth and warming closets, equipped to suit the taste of all.—Miller's Hardware Store, Bellefonte, Pa.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Williams, of Unionville, greeted friends in town on Tuesday. Mr. Williams is meeting with gratifying success in selling school books in York County and other points in that section of the State.

One of the finest improvements to the downtown business section is the laying of a concrete sidewalk along the entire front of the Bush Arcade. Contractor R. B. Taylor started work on the job on Tuesday.

Harry L. Hesser, for the last ten years ticket agent in the Pennsylvania Railroad station at Tyrone, and for the last few months acting agent at Altoona, has been made ticket agent at the latter place, vice D. H. Crawford, deceased.

The arrival in Bellefonte on Tuesday of the advance advertising car for the wild west show, which will be in here Tuesday the 28th, made things look like summer, even if the cold weather of the day made it feel more like the early edges of December.

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Crider and daughter, Mrs. Charles E. Dorworth, departed today for Elizabeth, N. J., where they will visit for a week with Mrs. Charles E. Rath. From Elizabeth Mr. and Mrs. Crider will go to Atlantic City for probably a week or ten days.

Poor Overseer William Wood, of Rush township, was a business visitor to Bellefonte last Thursday. While at "The Republican" office Mr. Wood said that the recently adopted plan of having a poor farm in Rush township is working out satisfactorily and that it will result in a big saving to the taxpayers.

The fire engine of the Undines, which was shipped to the factory some time ago for repairs, was received in Bellefonte on Monday. While at the factory the engine had a new boiler installed and other repairs made which are supposed to put it in first-class shape. It will be thoroughly tested before being taken out in response to emergency calls.

The Bellefonte Academy on Saturday, last, defeated the Bloomsburg State Normal School baseball team, 7-1. Sims was in the box for the Academy and allowed Bloomsburg but two hits. No scoring was done until the sixth inning, when the Academy developed a batting streak and romped away with the victory. On Saturday afternoon, next, at 3 o'clock, the Academy will play the Williamsport High School on Hughes field. Williamsport has a crack pitcher, and if he is placed in the box for this game, which is regarded as probable, a close skirmish may be looked for.

Scott Lost, who has engaged in the tailoring business in Philipsburg, and who plays with the band and orchestra in that place, visited Bellefonte this week. Scott will play with the band in the Academy minstrels parade tomorrow, having been hired because of his ability in playing an alto horn. Scott says that he likes things in Philipsburg. The orchestra with which he plays is composed of eight pieces and has two engagements regularly each week. The band practices regularly. While Scott is found of music he makes business come first and with this as his motto he should easily succeed in building up a fine line of tailoring trade in Philipsburg.

Frank A. Robins' circus is headed this way. It is due at Philipsburg on June 4th.

Don't miss Green's Geisha fan offer this week with Pearl Tooth Powder, 25c.

The Bellefonte High School baseball club will play the Tyrone High School, at Tyrone, on Saturday afternoon, next.

Orders taken for awnings and porch curtains. Adjustable window awnings in stock.—Miller's Hardware Store, Bellefonte, Pa.

Don't miss the "Schnitzel Bank" in the Academy minstrels, tomorrow and Saturday nights. Funniest stunt ever pulled off in Bellefonte.

H. M. Miles, of Dix Run, was a business visitor to Bellefonte on Monday. Mr. Miles is one of the progressive farmers of Centre County.

Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Parrish and family are now comfortably located in their new home on Curtin Street, until recently the property of Mrs. J. C. Meyer.

The Ladies of the Episcopal church will hold an exchange in Zeller's drug store on Saturday, next, from 2 until 3 o'clock. Pies, cakes, bread, etc., will be for sale.

Our very genial friend, Ira Burkett, of Stormstown, was a business visitor in Bellefonte between trains on Saturday, and before returning home favored us with a call.

Tom Donovan, of Lock Haven, well known to baseball fans in Bellefonte, umpired the State College-Notre Dame game, at State, last Saturday. His services are in demand when games worth while are to be played.

The chart for the Academy minstrels tomorrow night was opened on Monday and the demand for tickets gives promise of a big house. The chart for Saturday night's performance will be opened on Saturday morning at 9 o'clock.

Professor Jonas E. Wagner, principal of the Bellefonte public schools, on Tuesday evening delivered a most interesting illustrated lecture on "Pennsylvania History" in the New High School Building, the meeting being held under the auspices of the Parent-Teachers Association.

Calvin Murtorff, of Scotia, spent Sunday in Bellefonte as the guest of his son and the latter's wife, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Murtorff. Mr. Murtorff is one of Scotia's substantial citizens and is always found actively identified in any movement for the religious or moral betterment of his home community.

A. R. Richards, managing editor and one of the proprietors of the Philipsburg "Ledger," was a business visitor in Bellefonte on Saturday. Since the "Ledger" has come under the management of Mr. Richards and Harry Boulton it has shown marked improvement, both in the matter of mechanical make-up and in getting and presenting the news in a bright, breezy manner. Time was when the "Ledger" took things easy, but nowadays it makes everybody sit up and take notice.

Rev. D. J. Frum, recently assigned to Pleasant Gap, is a minister who is anything but easily discouraged. About two weeks ago he had the misfortune to fall and tear the ligaments of one of his ankles, and ever since that time he has been going about on crutches. Although thus handicapped he courageously insisted on filling his pulpit engagements, and each Sunday has found him on hand with his sermons ready. Members of his congregation have literally carried him into the church and up to the pulpit. Seated in a chair Mr. Frum has preached his sermons. He is gradually recovering and soon expects to be able to move about with his old-time vigor. A less aggressive preacher would have gone into retirement until recovered from his injuries, but with Mr. Frum it was stick to it and do the best he could, and the motto he adopted is a pretty good one for all others.

George Beezer's runabout car and Potter-Hoy Hardware Company's big delivery horse became mixed up in a collision on Monday afternoon. The wonder was that the car was not completely demolished and the horse badly hurt. Mr. Beezer was driving the car at the time. The horse was standing in the street just outside the store entrance. Whether the car plunked into the horse or the horse, becoming frightened, jumped into the car are points regarding which conflicting versions are given. Anyhow, before bystanders could realize how the mix-up had happened the horse was rearing and one foot was ripping through the wind shield and fender of the car. It was all over in a few seconds. Beyond the damage to the wind shield and fender the car was uninjured. The horse was slightly cut by the broken glass in the wind shield. A broken shaft represented the damage to the delivery wagon.

Buying Clothes Here A Profitable Investment

A place where you get entire full value for money expended--A store that places your interests first and last by offering none but trustworthy dependable and stylish goods--and sells them fairly priced--

No sensational advertising--no odd prices to tempt buyers by making them think they are getting something of a much higher value--

Simply day in and day out--year in and year out--at all times--giving really good merchandise at fairest prices--making it the most profitable place for you to buy--

The stocks are full up--there is a variety that leaves nothing out except what has no right to be in--We can satisfactorily fit 99 men out of every 100 men by the sizes we carry--We can satisfy the entire hundred in full value, style and hand-tailoring--in fairness of price--if these points count.

SIM, THE CLOTHIER

Correct Dress for Men.

Get Your New Suit Here

We have made extraordinary preparations here this spring to have exactly what you want all ready for you when you come.

No store in this vicinity, we believe, offers you so much in variety, in style, in up-to-dateness and value. Come in and let us fit you out new. All the new

Blues, Grays and Browns

in snappy models of unusual style. Extra good values at **\$12 and \$15.**

A large and handsome assortment of childrens wash suits in madras, linen and galathea clothes. Price range from

50c. up to \$3.00

MONTGOMERY & CO.

Schedule of Rates For Our Taxi-cab Service in Bellefonte and Suburbs.

BELLEFONTE	MILES
1 Passenger.....25c.	1 Passenger.....\$1.00
2 Passengers.....40c.	2 Passengers.....\$1.50
3 Passengers.....60c.	3 Passengers.....\$1.75
4 Passengers.....80c.	4 Passengers.....\$2.00
COLEVILLE	PLEASANT GAP
1 Passenger.....50c.	1 Passenger.....\$1.50
2 Passengers.....75c.	2 Passengers.....\$1.75
3 Passengers.....\$1.00	3 Passengers.....\$2.00
4 Passengers.....\$1.25	4 Passengers.....\$2.25

Our taxi-cab service is for the public. We want everybody to feel perfectly at liberty to hail and board the car at any time it may be traveling in their direction. The taxi accommodates five passengers. The presence of one or more persons in the car need not interfere with others boarding it at once and being taken to their destination on the same trip. Automobiles to hire by the hour, day, week or month.

BIG SPRING GARAGE

Both Telephones.

W. W. Keichline & Co., Prop'rs.

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